

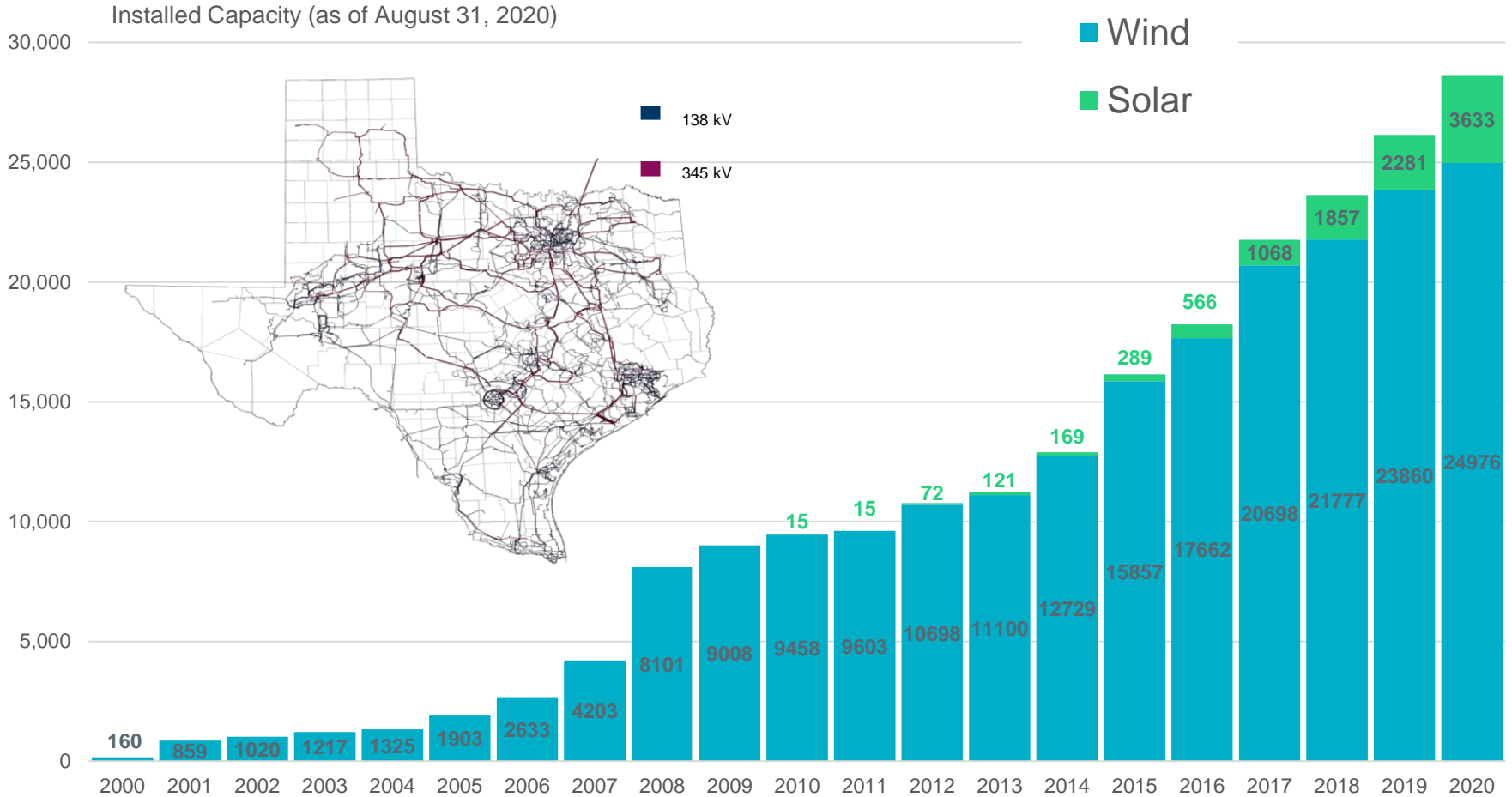


## The State of New Energy Systems Integration in ERCOT

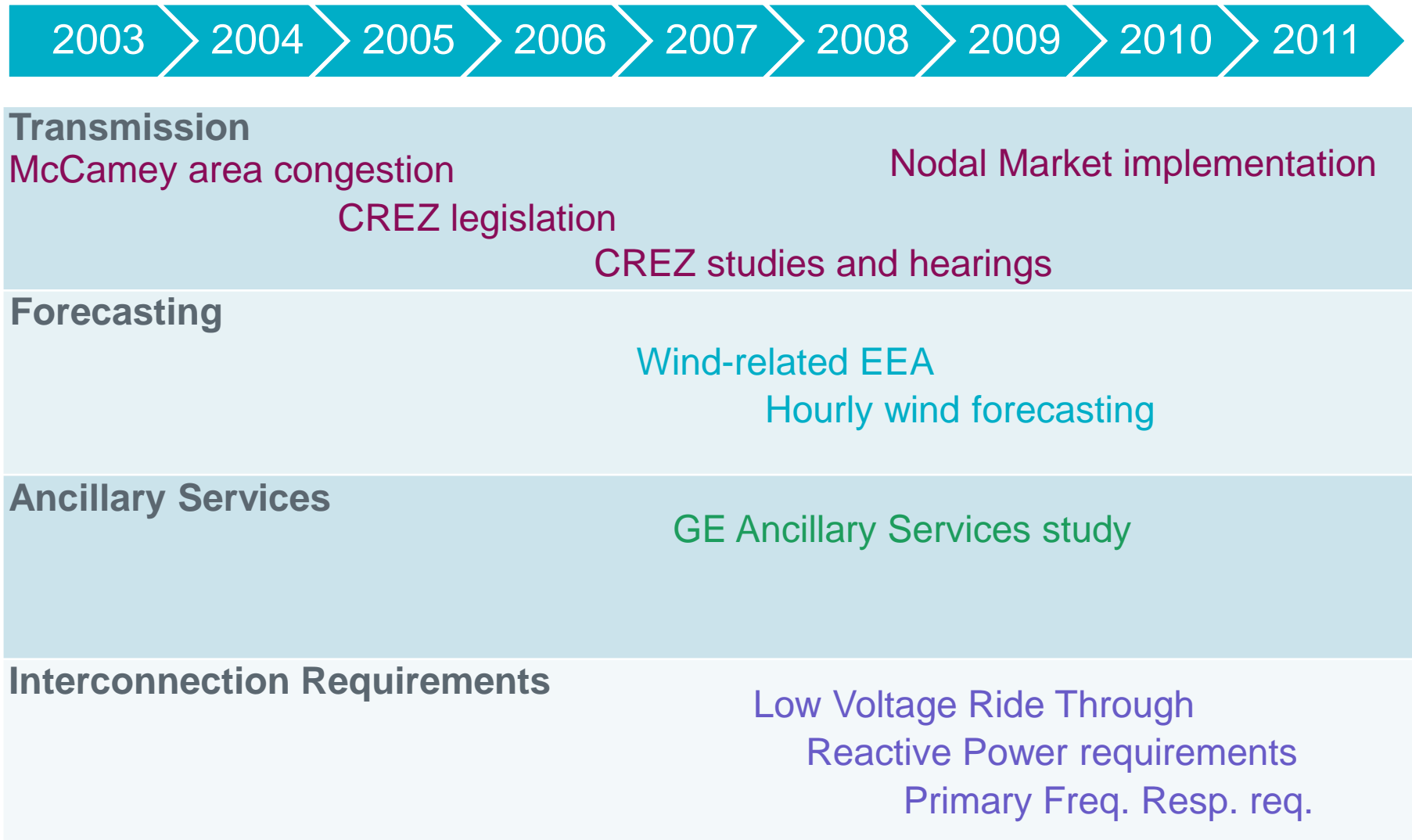
Dan Woodfin  
*Senior Director, System Operations*

September 29, 2020

# ERCOT Renewable Generation



# Flow of Integration Issues Over Time – The Early Days



# Flow of Integration Issues Over Time - Continued



<b>Transmission</b>	CREZ completed	Weak grid issues	PSCAD modeling	Panhandle and West Texas studies	Local stability limits	Regional stability limits
<b>Forecasting</b>		168-hour wind forecast	Hourly solar forecasting	2 <sup>nd</sup> wind forecaster	Reliability Risk Desk	Intra-hour wind forecasting
<b>Ancillary Services</b>	Conditional Ancillary Services quantities	Ramp rate limits		Inertia monitoring	Future Ancillary Services redesign and implementation	
<b>Interconnection Requirements</b>		High Voltage Ride Through	PV requirements added		Repowering clarifications	

# Current and Upcoming Integration Issues

## Transmission

- Increase in stability constraints
- Improvements in stability simulations
- New transmission studies

## Forecasting

- Intra-hour solar forecasting into dispatch (DOE project)

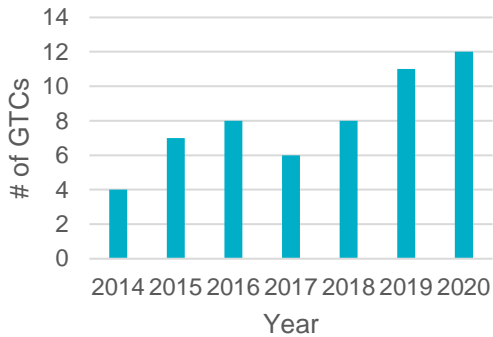
## Ancillary Services

- Regulation depletion due to solar ramps
- Continued monitoring of inertia
- Battery Energy Storage Task Force
- Real-Time Co-optimization of AS and Energy

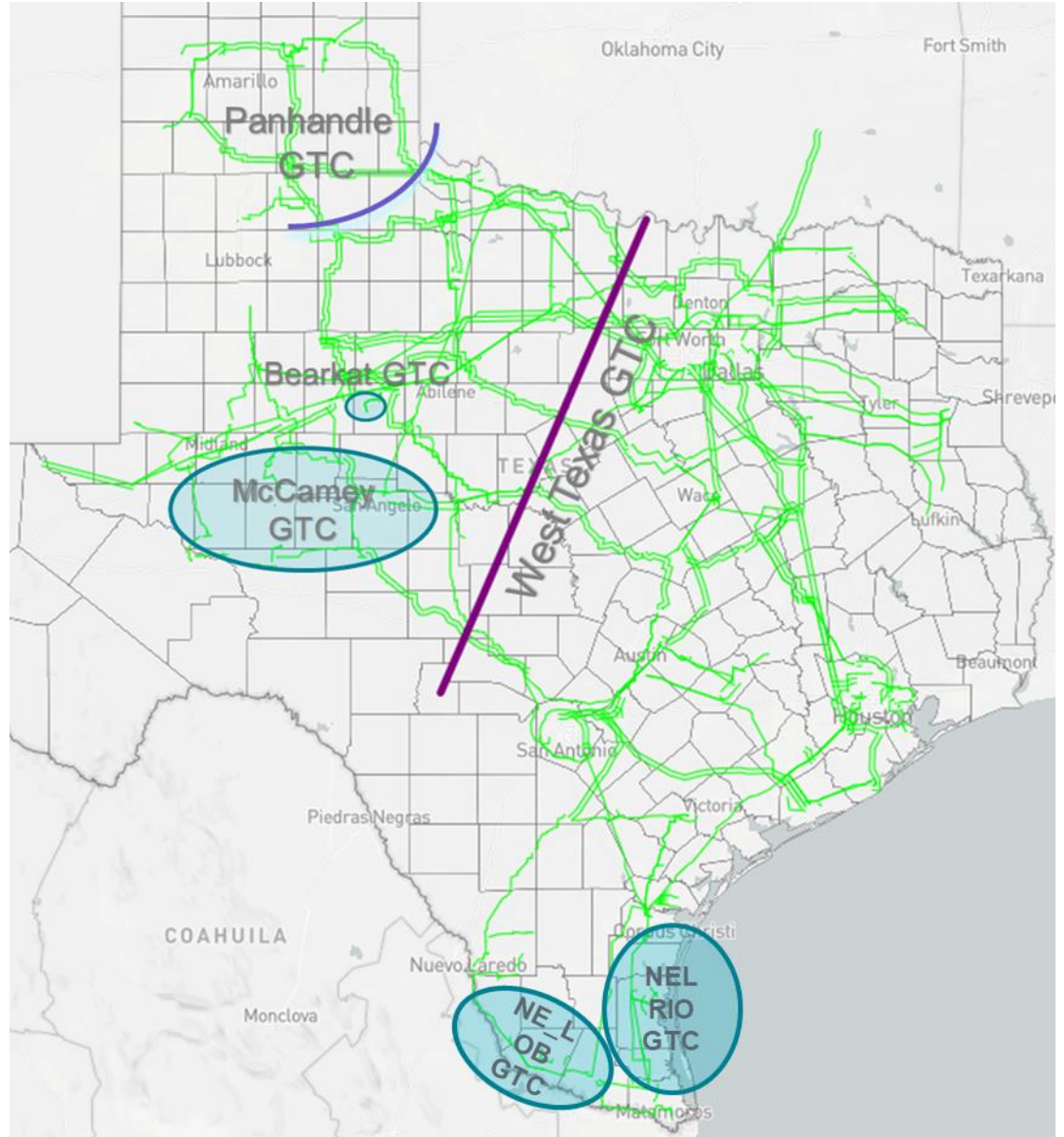
## Interconnection Requirements

- Increased dynamic model requirements
- Revised resource definitions to include DERs
- Batteries

# Stability Limitations on Transmission



- Generic Transmission Constraint (GTC)
  - Constraint used to represent stability limitations within market systems
  - Manage these limitations using market tools

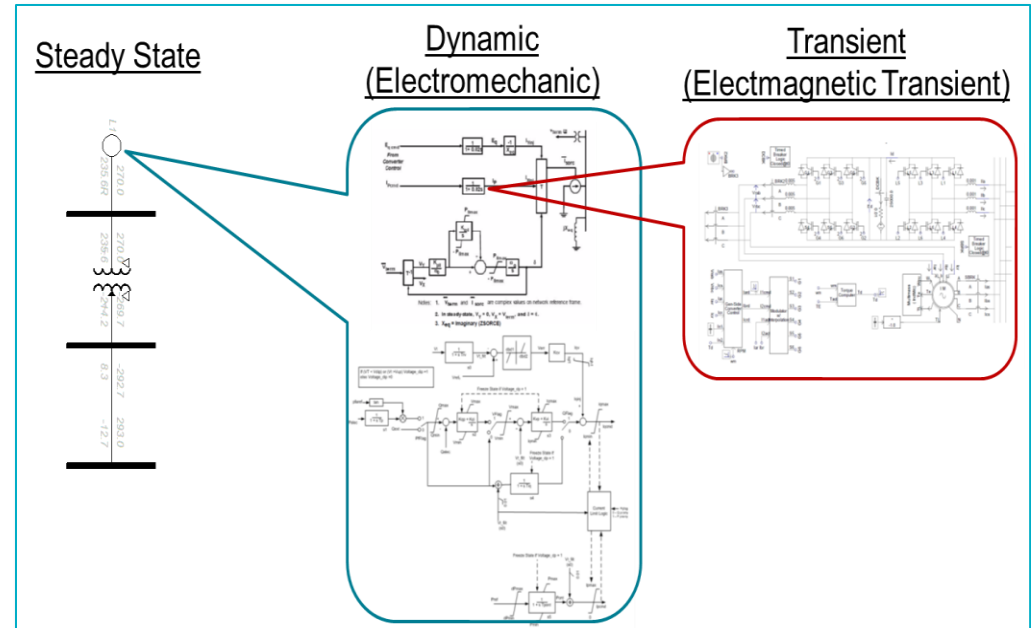


# Dynamic Models, Online Stability Simulation for Limits

- Stability limits, other than voltage stability, are currently calculated using off-line studies
  - These static limits must protect the system across a range of potential operating conditions, so are necessarily conservative
- In process of implementing TSAT to calculate limits in real time, based on actual system conditions
- Generators are required to submit TSAT models to allow for this implementation
  - Many are still working with vendors to develop user-defined models for TSAT

# EMTP Simulation

- As areas of the system become weaker, ERCOT has increased use of PSCAD simulation to appropriately evaluate control system effects and validate PSSE and TSAT results.
- Some study areas are large enough to have required co-simulation with PSSE.



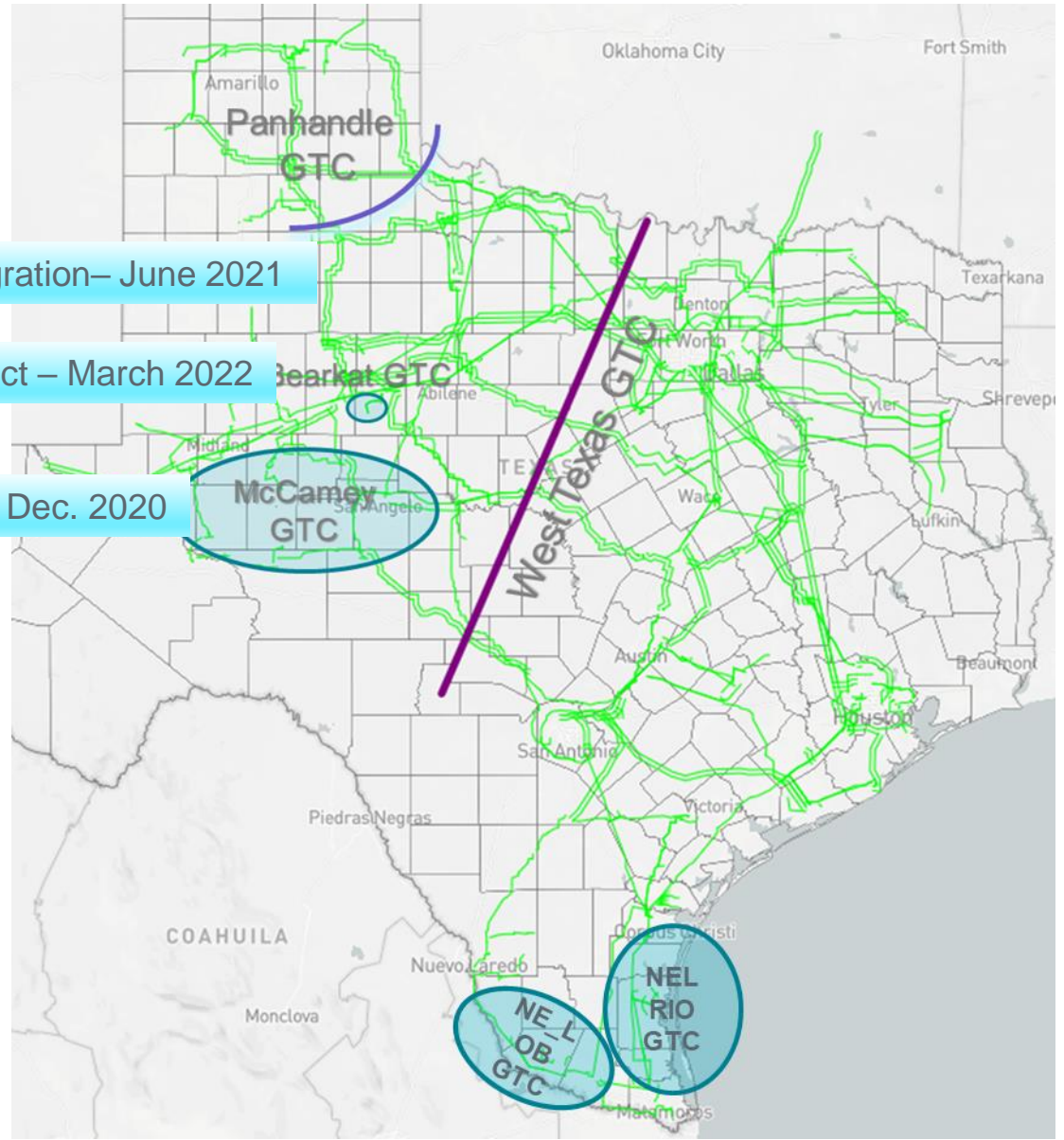
# Near-Term Transmission Projects

Lubbock Integration– June 2021

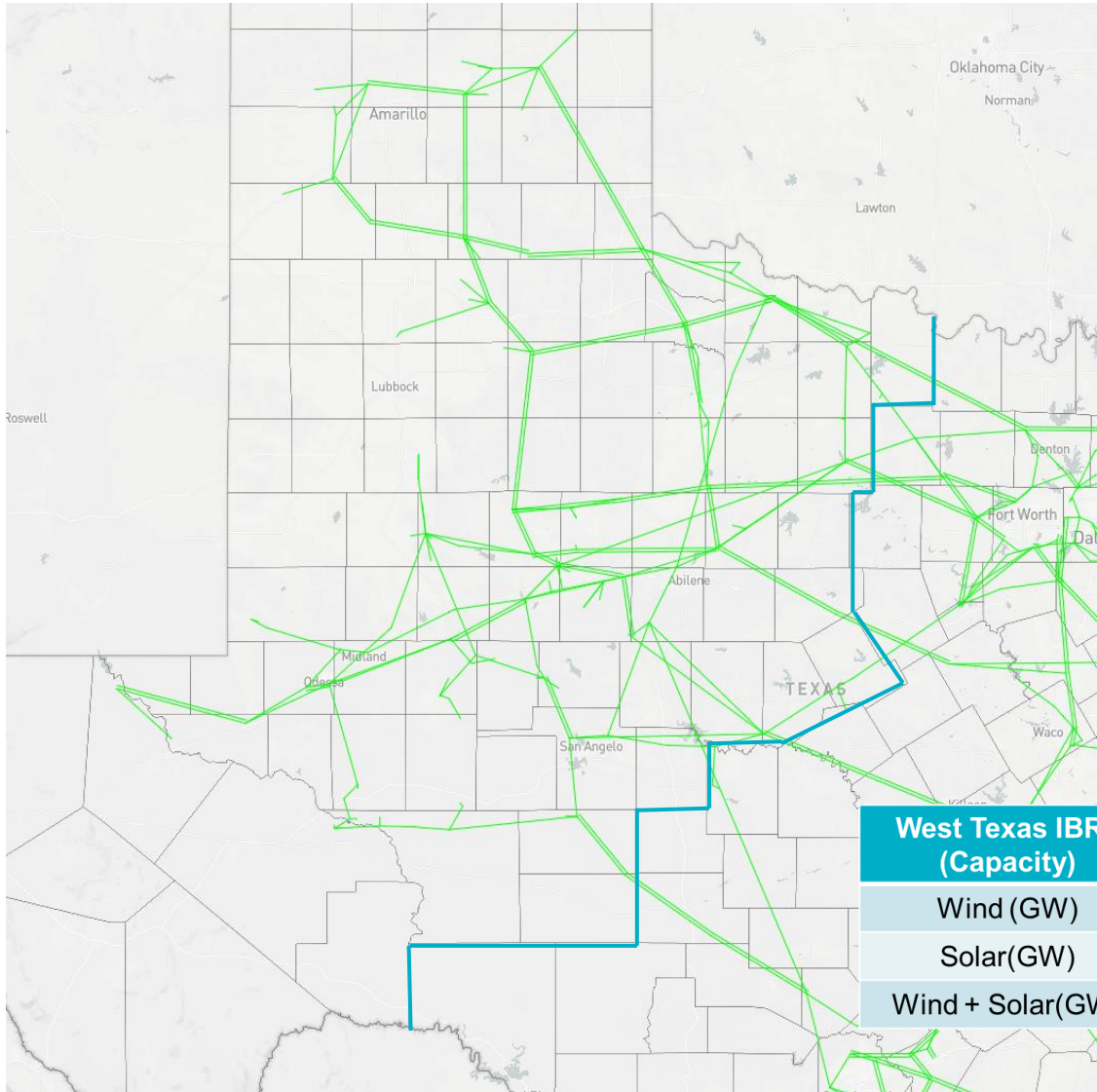
Bearkat Project – March 2022

Far West Project – Dec. 2020

- Generic Transmission Constraint (GTC)
  - Constraint used to represent stability limitations within market systems
  - Manage these limitations using market tools



# West Texas Export Study Area



## Study Area Tie Lines

- 345-kV lines: 16
- 138-kV lines: 8
- 69-kV lines: 7
- Counties: 82

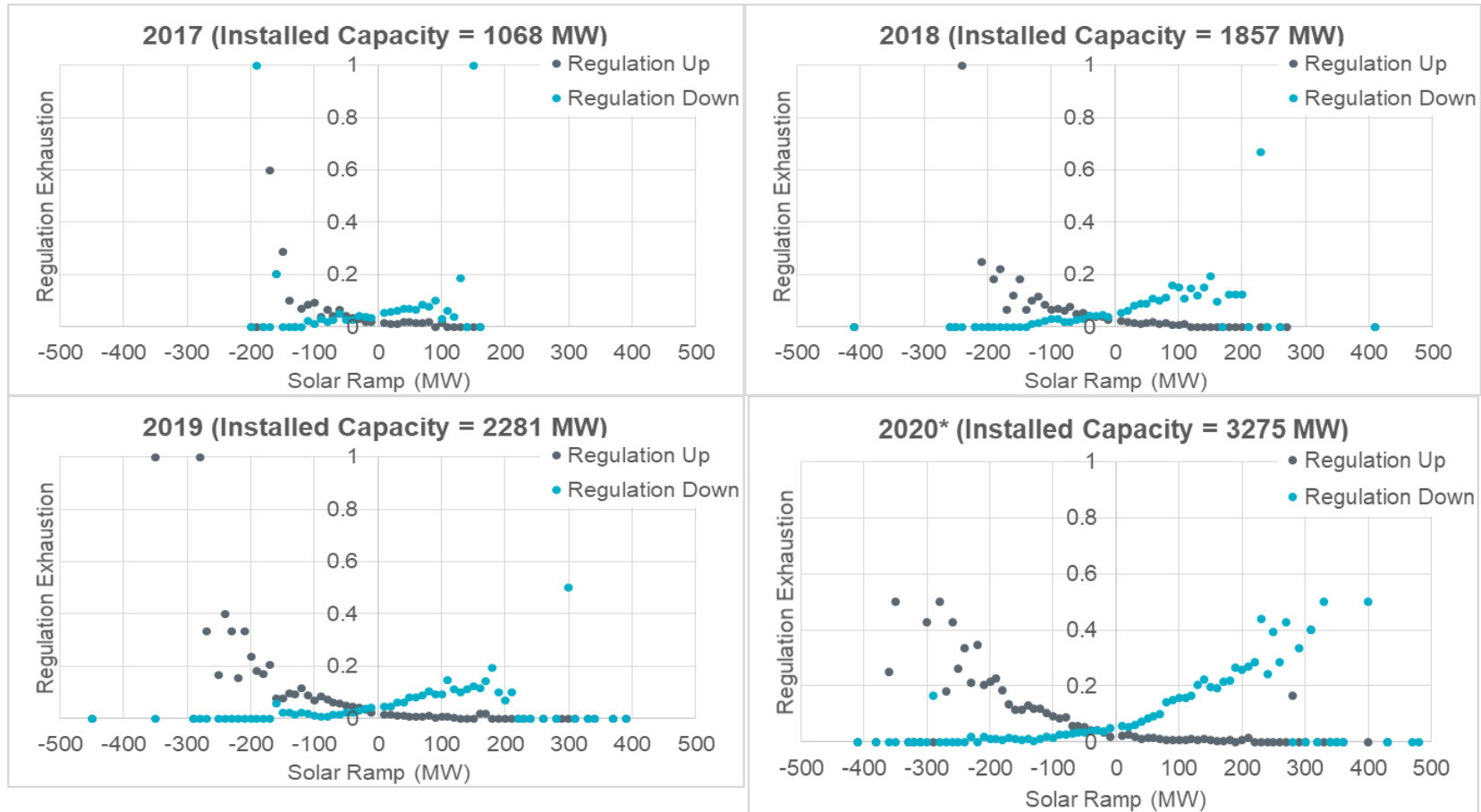
## IBR Generation Installed Capacity

- ~22 GW wind
- ~6 GW solar

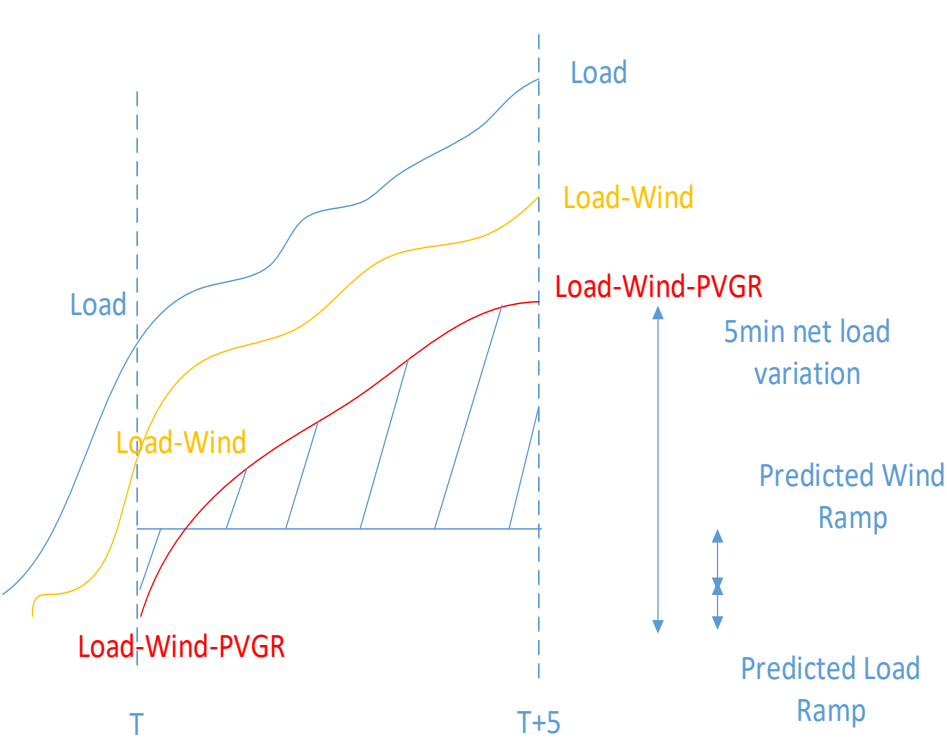
West Texas IBRs (Capacity)	QSA Q2 2020/ W_TO_C GTC	QSA Q3 2020	QSA Q4 2020
Wind (GW)	21.8	22.2	22.3
Solar(GW)	3.8	4.3	5.7
Wind + Solar(GW)	25.6	26.5	28

# Solar Ramps (5 min.) and Regulation Exhaustion

- As installed solar capacity increases, and thus the magnitude of 5-minute solar ramps increases, there are more intervals with regulation exhaustion.

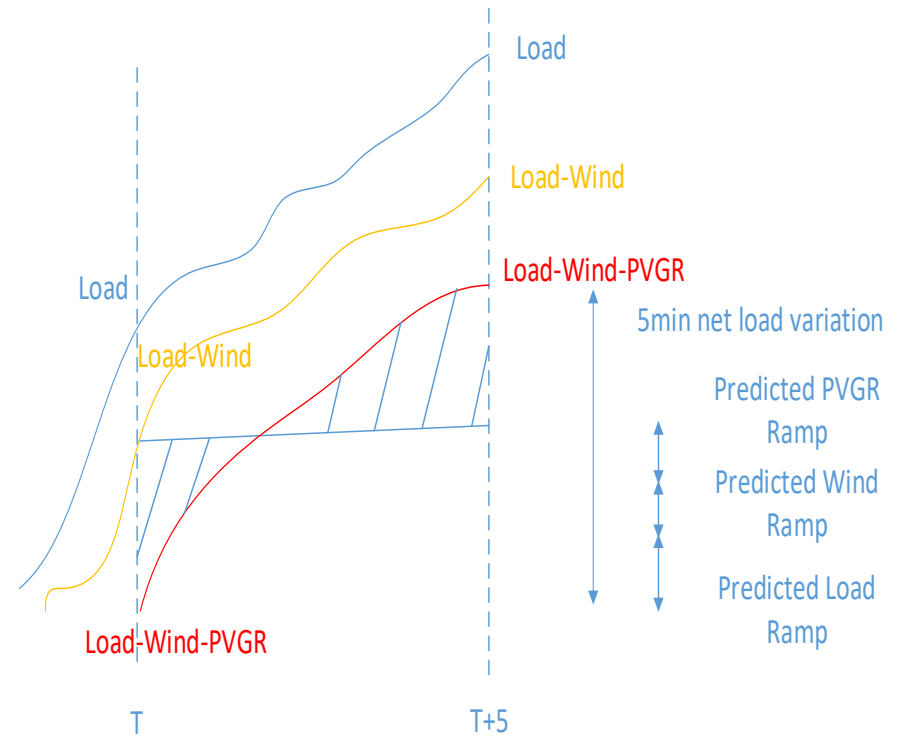


# Including Solar Ramp in Dispatch



## Pre-SCR 811 Method

Only Short-Term Load and wind ramps are included in Net Load variation assessment similar to current GTBD practice

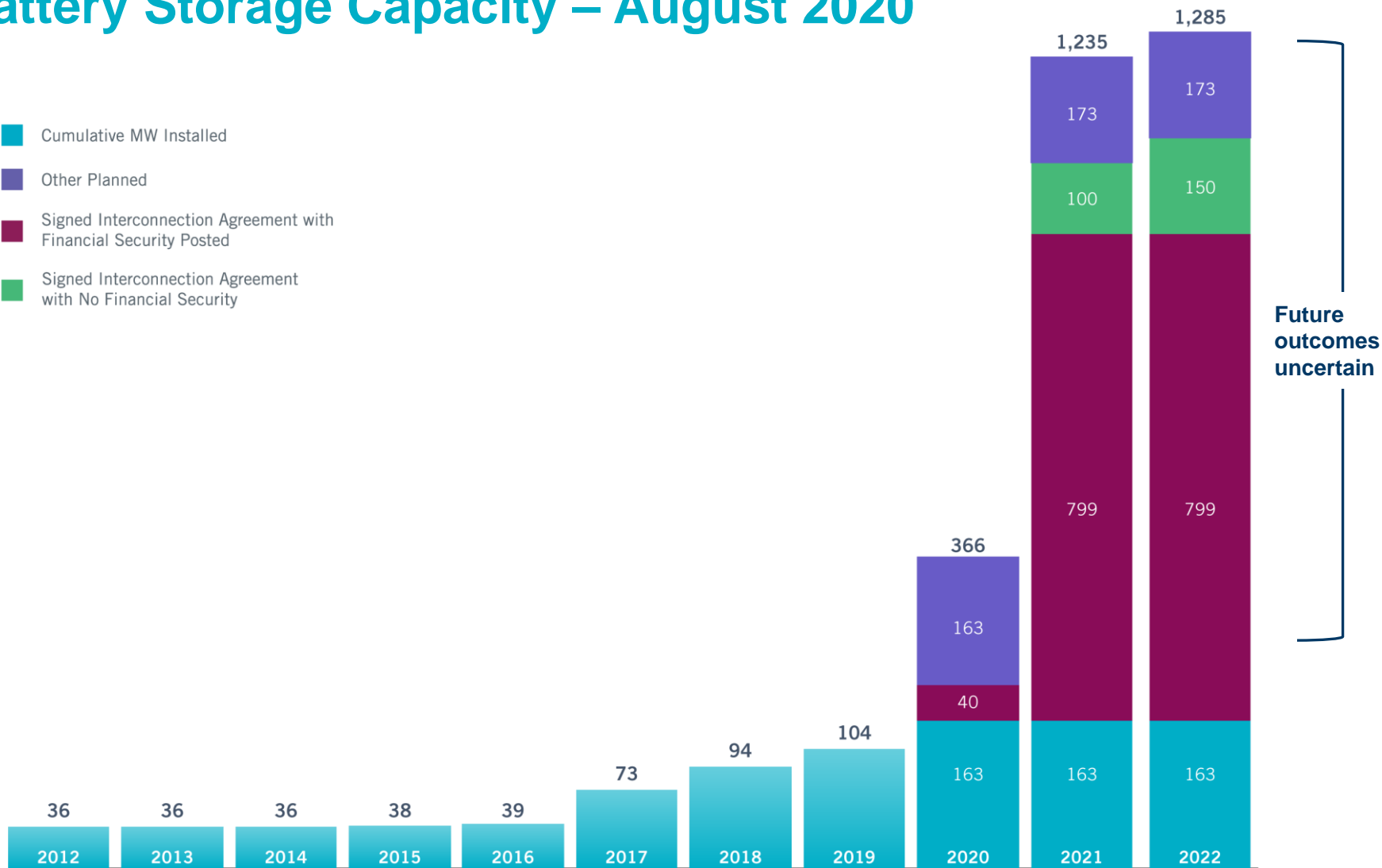


## Post-SCR 811 Method

Solar ramp is also included along with Short-Term Load and wind ramps in Net Load variation assessment

# Battery Storage Capacity – August 2020

- Cumulative MW Installed
- Other Planned
- Signed Interconnection Agreement with Financial Security Posted
- Signed Interconnection Agreement with No Financial Security



- Cumulative MW Synchronized pertains to projects that ERCOT has approved to generate energy for the grid but have not passed all qualification testing necessary to be approved for participation in ERCOT market operations.
- Other Planned capacity reflects registered projects under 10 MW in size that are not included in the Resource Integration and Ongoing Operations Interconnection Services (RIOO-IS) System.

Future outcomes uncertain



# Battery Energy Storage Initiatives

1

- Single model Energy Storage Resource (ESR) registration
- ESR charging restrictions during an EEA

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- ESR settlement in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Markets
- Base Point Deviation tolerances, make-whole payments, RUC, RUC capacity short calculation

2

- PRC reserve contribution from ESR taking SOC into account
- ORDC reserve calculation for an ESR taking SOC into account

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- Existing WSL rules sufficient
- For non-WSL ESR, nodal pricing of charging load and zonal pricing for auxiliary load

3

- Dispatching ESR represented as Gen and CLR using nodal shift-factors
- Nodal pricing for both Gen and CLR and mitigation

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- Outage coordination studies, Reliability Unit Commitment studies, operational studies and transmission planning studies; peak average capacity percentage to be used in CDR for ESR

4

- VSS and governor response for full range of charging and discharging capability
- Extends the under-frequency ride through, VRT, and AVR requirements to ESR

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- Definition, registration, modeling, telemetry, COPs and settlements
- Forecasting, IRR/ESR- ESREDP and BPD

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- Pricing, dispatch, ESR energy/bid offers, COPs, telemetry
- Base Point Deviation, ESREDP, disclosure reports

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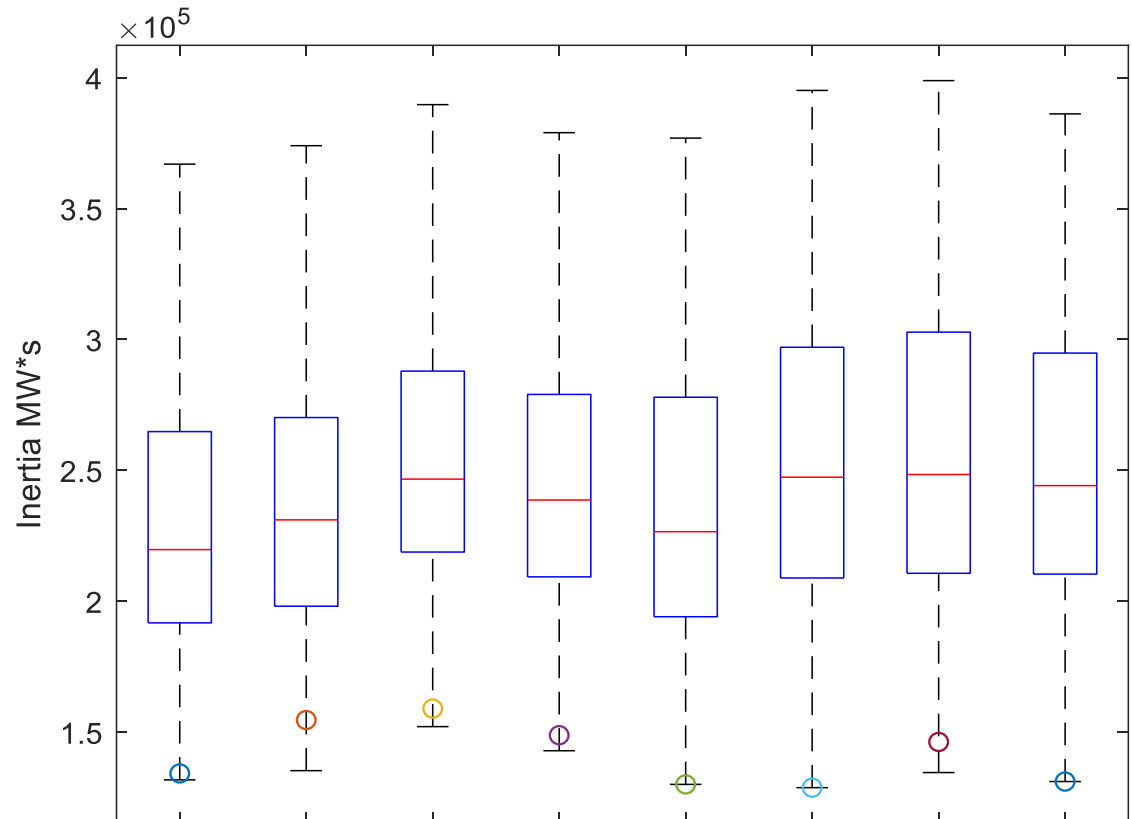
- Self-Limiting Facility definition, monitoring, reports, and telemetry
- Generator interconnection process using the Self-Limiting Facility MW limit instead of name plate rating

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- Allow ESRs to maintain their SOC by extending the window to submit/update their energy offers and bid-to-buy, to real time

# Inertia

- Minimum inertia has remained stable, above critical level
  - Off-peak load growth
  - Higher AS requirements in off-peak hours, supplied by synchronous gen
- If batteries provide more of off-peak AS, does this change?



Date and Time	2013 3/10 3:00 AM	2014 3/30 3:00 AM	2015 11/25 2:00 AM	2016 4/10 2:00 AM	2017 10/27 4:00 AM	2018 11/03 3:30 AM	2019 3/27 1:00 AM	2020 (J-A) 5/1 2:00 AM
Min synch. Inertia (GW*s)	132	135	152	143	130	128.8	134.5	131.1
System load at minimum synch. Inertia (MW)	24,726	24,540	27,190	27,831	28,425	28,397	29,883	30,679
Non-synch. Gen. in % of System Load	31	34	42	47	54	53	50	57

# Registered DG in ERCOT\*

\*NPRR 889

## Settlement-Only Distributed Generation

DG units > 1 MW that export are required to register with ERCOT. QSEs representing these units are settled by ERCOT at wholesale prices.

Ex: Typically fossil or landfill gas-based generators or larger solar PV. Approximately **850 MW** currently.

## Distribution Generation Resource

A DG unit that chooses to register as a Generation Resource to participate in the ERCOT Energy and Ancillary Services markets.

Ex: ERCOT currently processing approximately **360 MW** of DGR applications; most are batteries.



# The Future?

