

Nicolaos A. Cutululis

Energy Islands



Agenda

- Offshore wind in Europe
- Grid connection concepts for offshore wind
- Energy hubs/islands
- Wind turbines/plants for energy islands
- Bornholm as a test centre for energy island technologies



Offshore wind in Europe



Offshore wind in Europe in 2021

Offshore Wind in Europe

28,333 MW

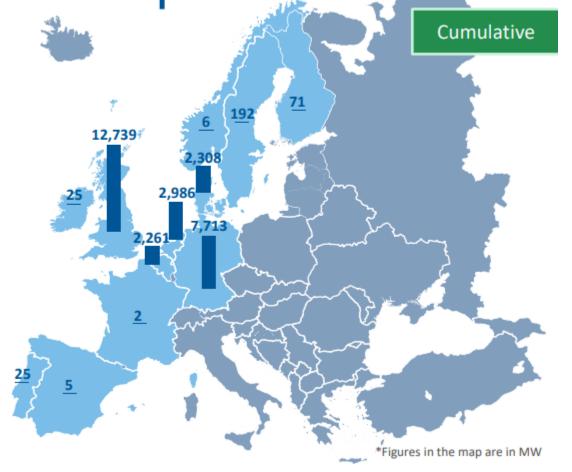
Connected to the grid

12 Countries

5,785 Turbines

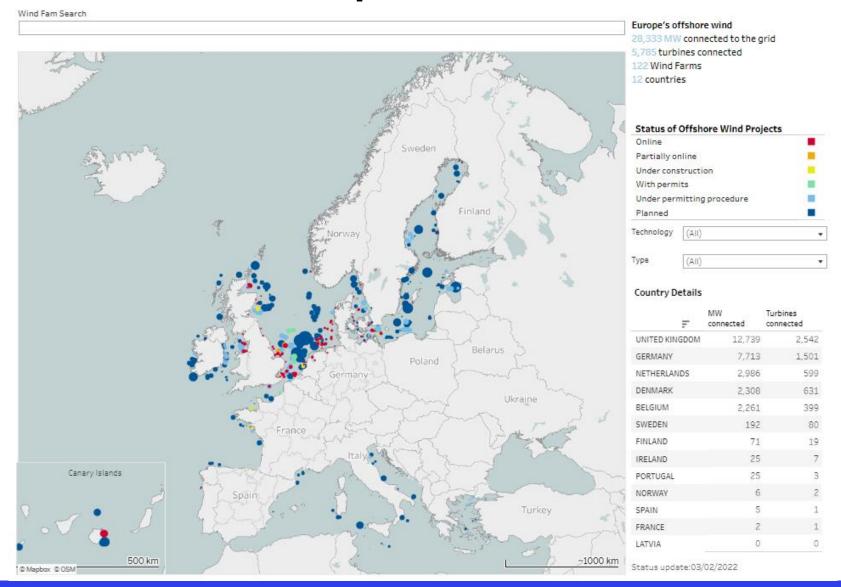
122 Wind Farms







Offshore wind farms map



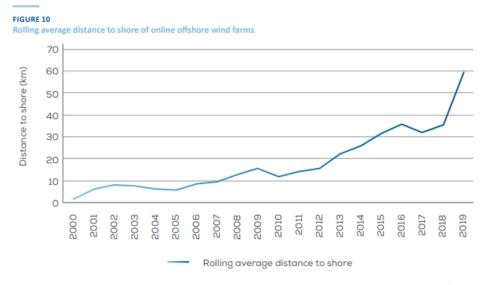


Offshore wind farms – large & far

FIGURE 8

Average size of commercial offshore wind farms in construction and grid-connected in the given year

600
500
400
300
200
100
0
100
0
Average wind farm size (MW)



Source: WindEurope

Thursday, 15 September 2022 DTU Wind and Energy Systems ESIG Webinar 6

Source: WindEurope



North Sea Summit – Esbjerg, May 18

North Sea Summit

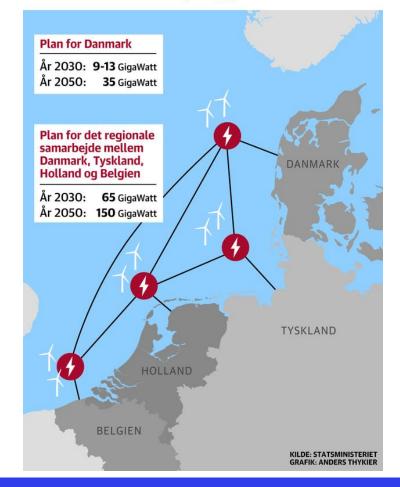
- President of the EC Ursula von der Leyen
- German Chancellor Olaf Scholz
- Dutch Prime Minister Mark Rutte
- Belgium Prime Minister Alexander De Croo
- Denmark Prime Minister Mette Frederiksen

150 GW by 2050

(+ UK 100GW and NO 40GW)

Havvindsatsning i Nordsøen

I forbindelse med et topmøde om havvind underskriver regeringslederne fra Danmark, Tyskland, Holland og Belgien en erklæring om at sætte turbo på udbygningen af havvindmøller i Nordsøen og udbygge mindst 150 GW i 2050.





North Sea Summit 12/9/2022

- Belgium, Ireland, Denmark, France, Germany, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway and Sweden
- The 9 countries pledged to build at least 260 GW of offshore wind by 2050, with intermediate targets of 193 GW by 2040 and 76 GW of offshore wind by 2030.

North Seas Summit focuses on how to deliver ambitious new offshore wind targets



Ministers and top officials from the 9 "North Seas" countries and the EU Commission met in Dublin today. That's Belgium, Ireland, Denmark, France, Germany, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway and Sweden. They adopted a declaration with ambitious new volumes for the expansion of offshore wind. They discussed how exactly to deliver those volumes, with a special focus on how to strengthen Europe's offshore wind supply chain.

Source: windeurope.org



The Baltic Sea Energy Security Summit Bornholm, August 2022

- Denmark and its neighbours around the Baltic Sea, Sweden, Finland, Germany, Poland, Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia, signed a declaration on 30 August that aims to rapidly expand their offshore wind power capacity.
- The ambition is to have 19.6 GW of offshore wind capacity by 2030 a sevenfold increase compared to the current 2.8 GW.
- The substantial potential for offshore wind power in the Baltic Sea basin, reaching up to 93 GW



Source: State of Green

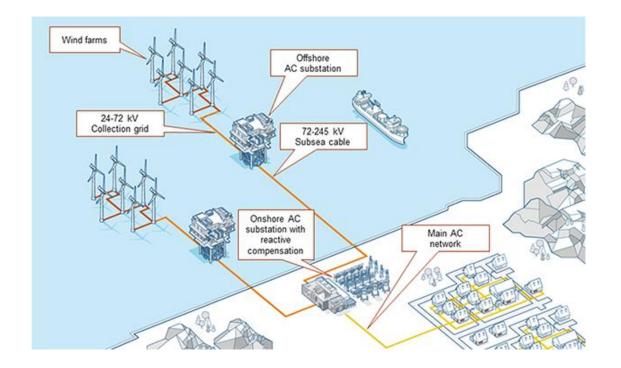


Grid connection concepts

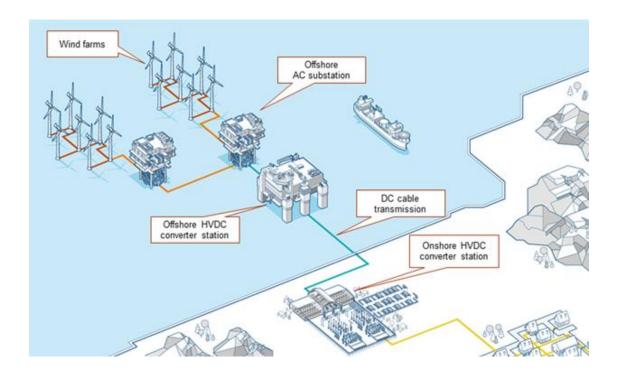


Grid connection system

HVAC



HVDC

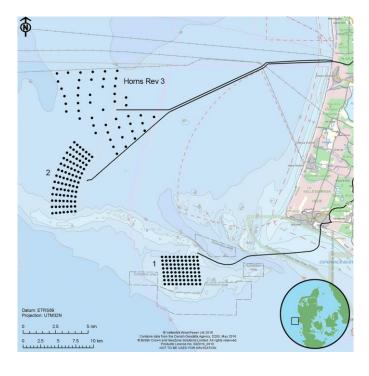


Source: ABB

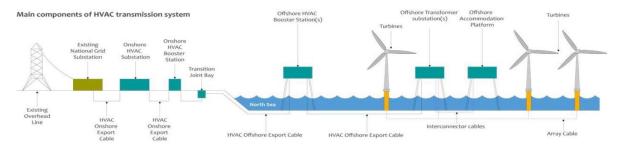


Grid connection HVAC

HVAC



HVAC with compensation

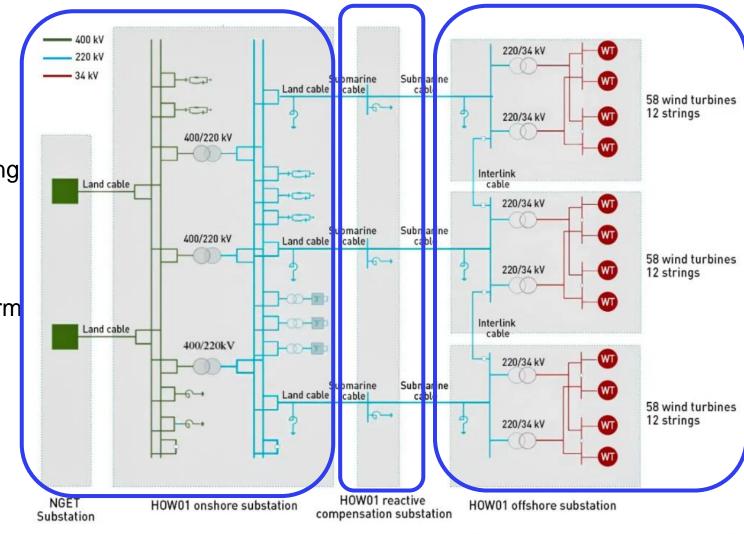




HVAC with compensation

Hornsea ONE WPP:

- 174 WTs X 7.0 MW → 1.218 MW
- Three clusters (58 WTs each, 12 string
- Export cables of app. 170-190 km
- Interlink cables
- Mid-point compensation (extra platform
- Compensation units:
 - Passive shunt reactors
 - Active STATCOM
- Filters: C-type



Source: Active Filtering in a Large-Scale STATCOM for the Integration of Offshore Wind Power - Lehmann et al

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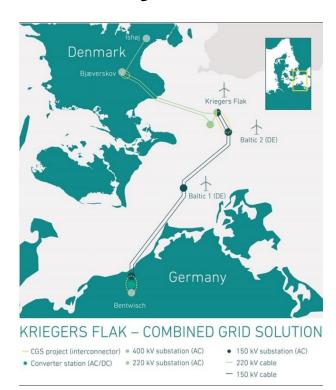


Grid connection HVDC

HVDC

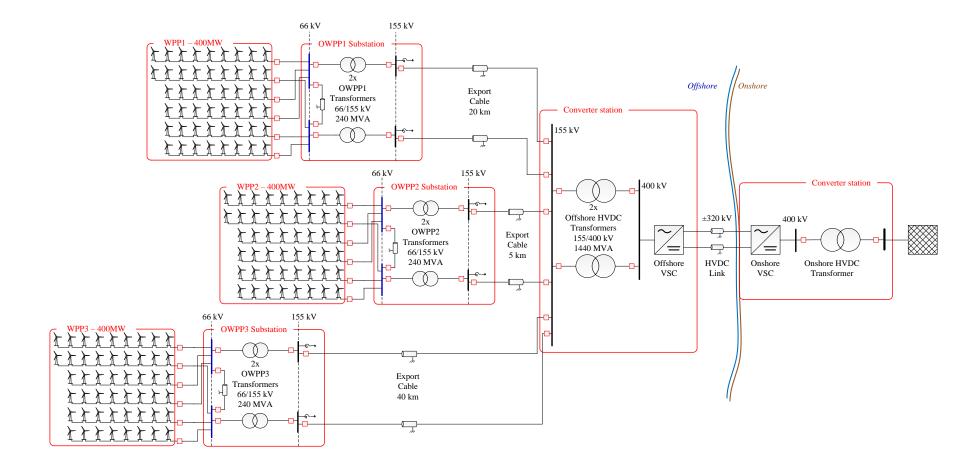


Hybrid





VSC HVDC transmission

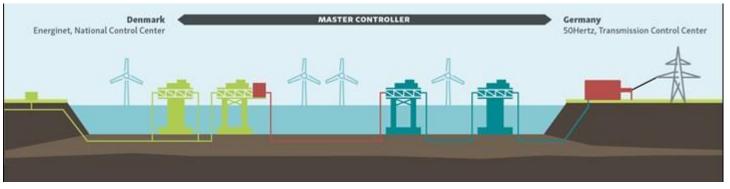


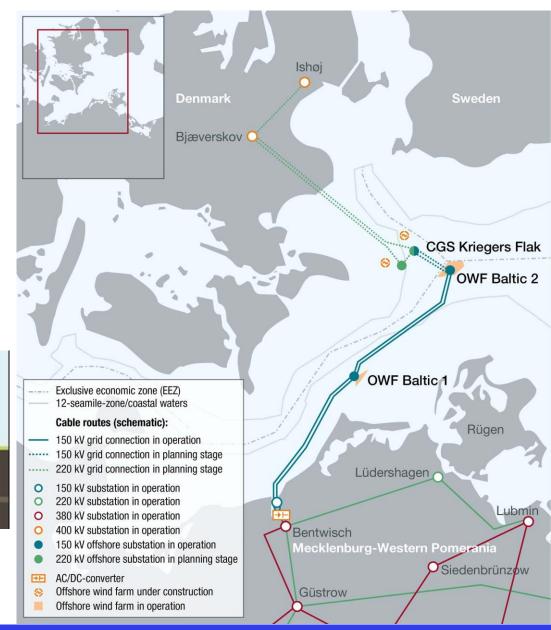


Grid connection - Hybrid

Kriegers Flak - Combined grid solution:

- Connecting offshore wind to the shore
- Connecting two countries
- Connecting two markets
- Connecting two synchronous areas







Offshore grids/islands/hubs



Where do we need to go?

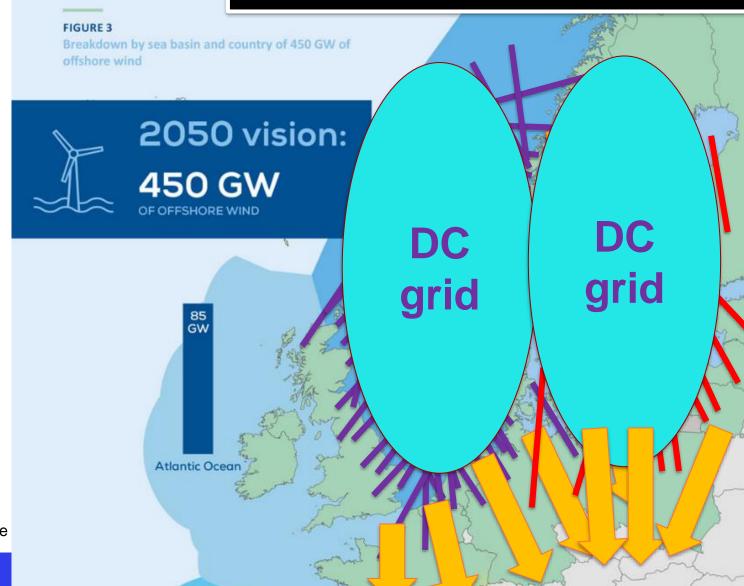
Ambitious goals

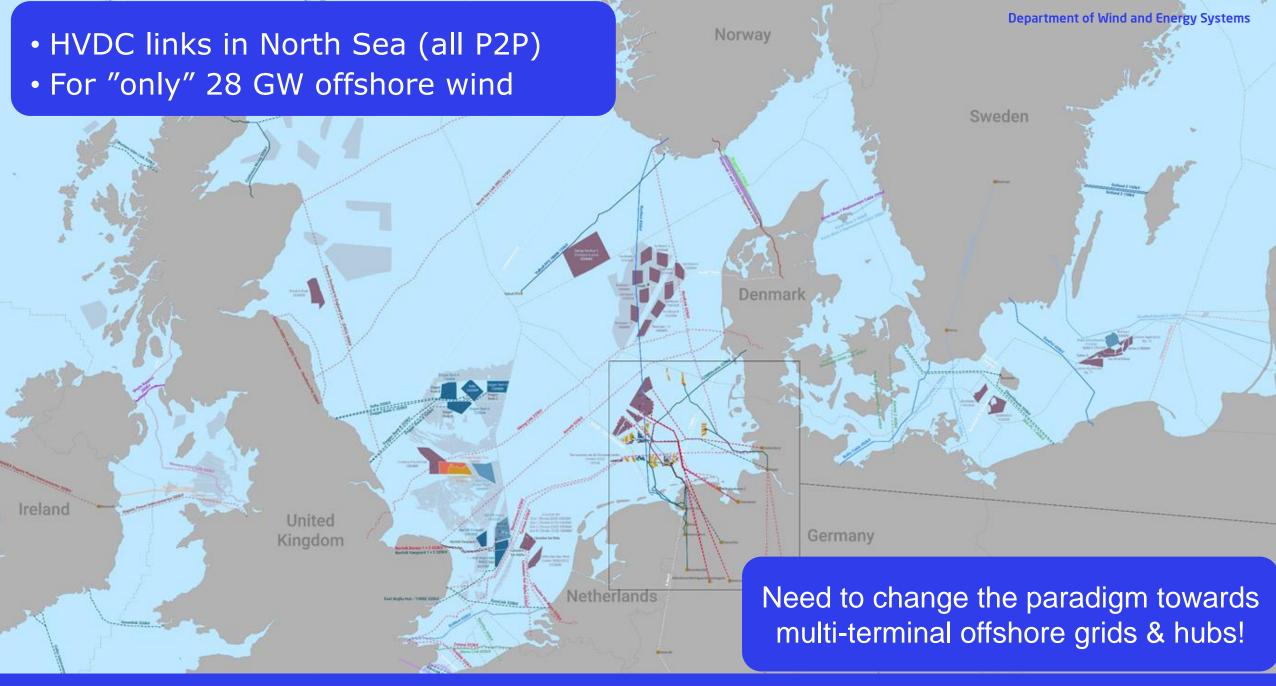
- 300-> 450 GW of offshore wind by 2050
 - +/- 35 GW of wind offshore installed to date (2/3 in Europe)
 - $\pm 100 \text{ GW by } 2030$
 - North Sea: 200 GW by 2050
 - Solar will see similar developments
- Offshore requires massive investments (EC: 2/3rd of 800 Billion by 2050)
- Meshed HVDC grids are the only realistic option:
 - Connections are increasingly further from shore
 - Needs to be integrated in the existing system (hybrid AC/DC)
 - Towards new backbone grid

Source: Prof. Van Hertem Figure: WindEurope

We need to connect 200 GW from the north sea

→ Assume 5 GW links





Friday, 30 September 2022 DTU Wind and Energy Systems WEM 2022 Seminar 19

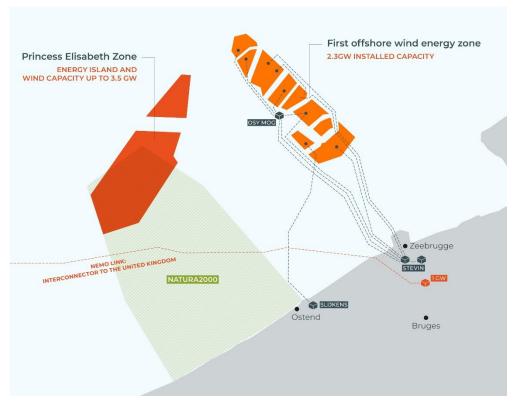


Friday, 30 September 2022 DTU Wind Energy Wind Energy Denmark 2021 ²⁰

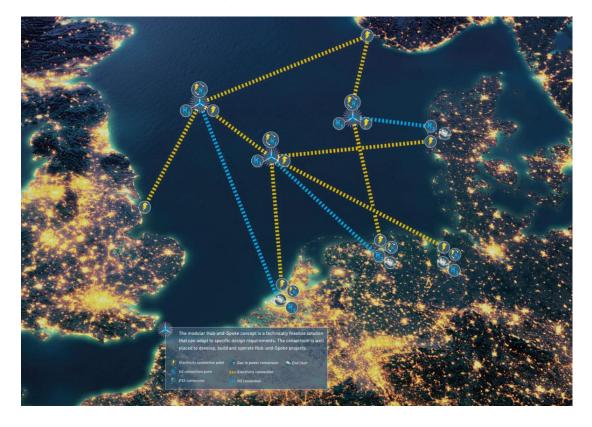


Energy islands





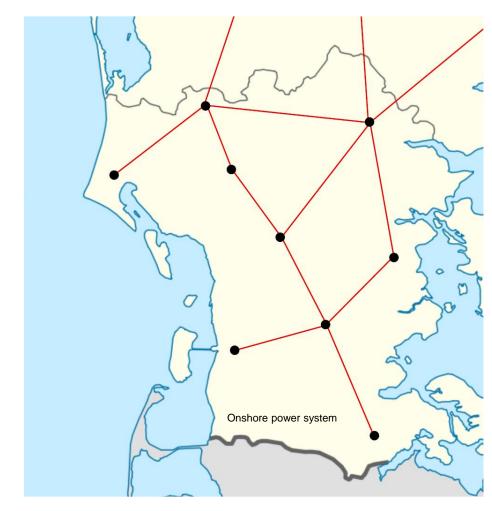






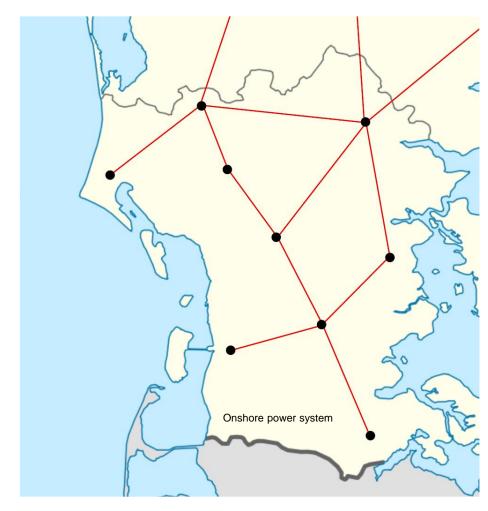


- Grid codes for wind parks
 - Requirements imposed by the power system operator that ensure stable operation of the power system
 - Based on power system characteristics



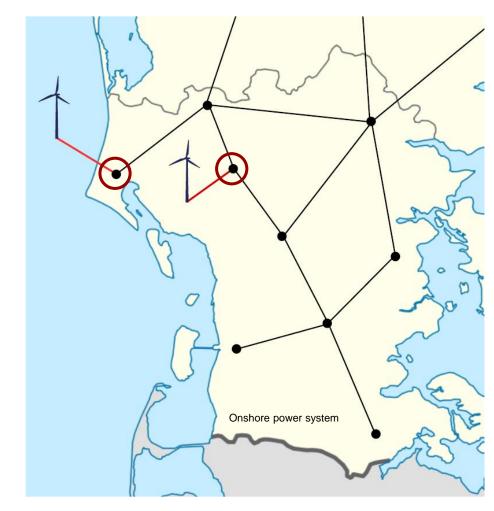


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 - Require additional equipment and controls
 - Every wind park has to comply
 - Results in higher cost and/or nonoptimal operation



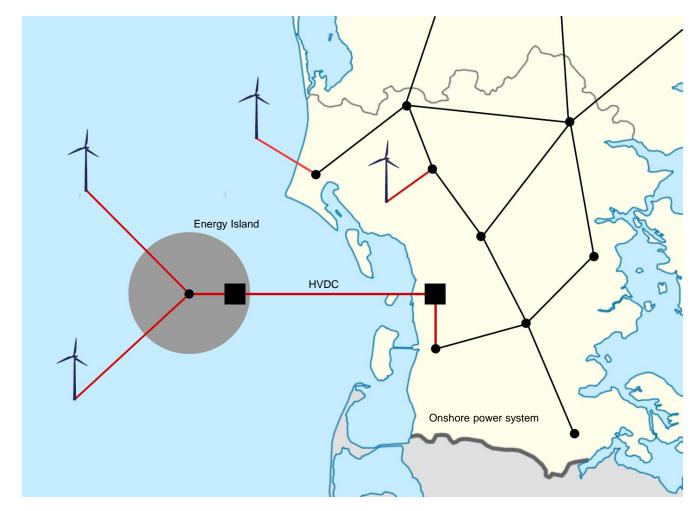


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 - Requirements imposed by the power system operator that ensure stable operation of the power system
 - Based on power system characteristics
 - Require additional equipment and controls
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 - Results in higher cost and/or nonoptimal operation
- Currently in DK:
 - All wind parks, on- and offshore, are directly connected to the onshore power system



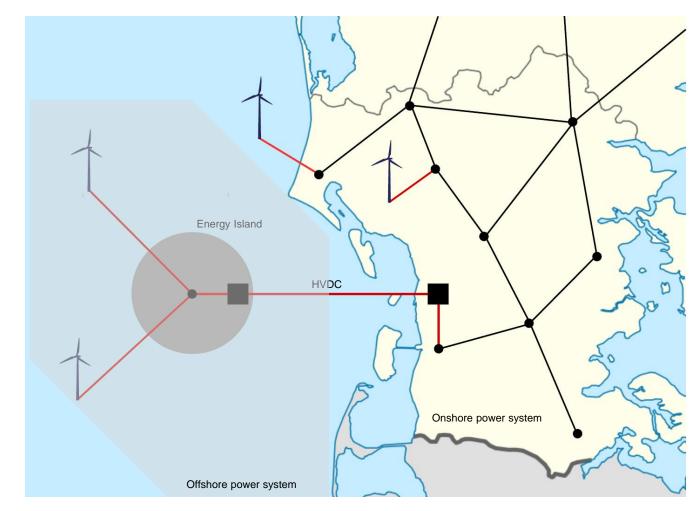


Energy Island:



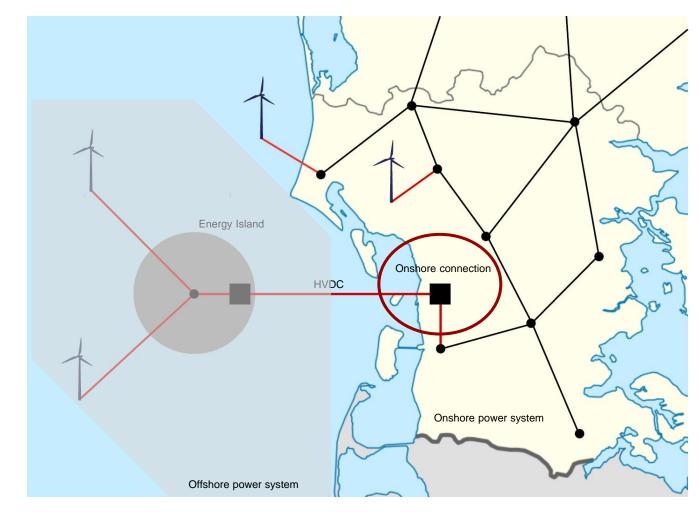


- Energy Island:
 - HVDC decouples the offshore from the onshore system



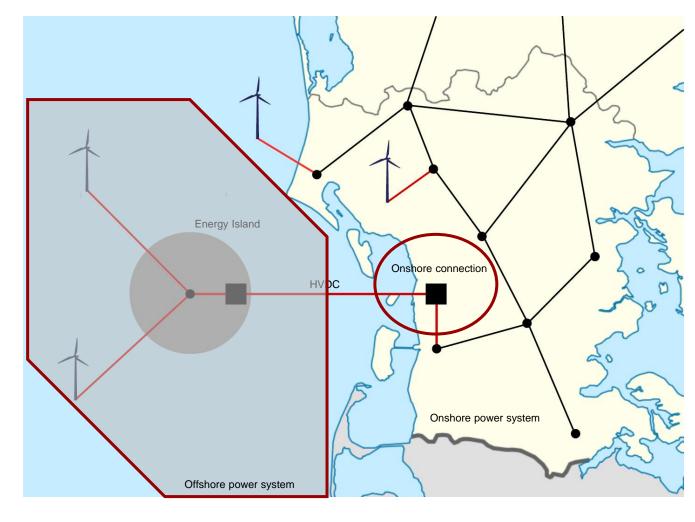


- Energy Island:
 - HVDC decouples the offshore from the onshore system
 - Onshore HVDC converter establishes the connection to the power system
 - > Responsible for grid code compliance





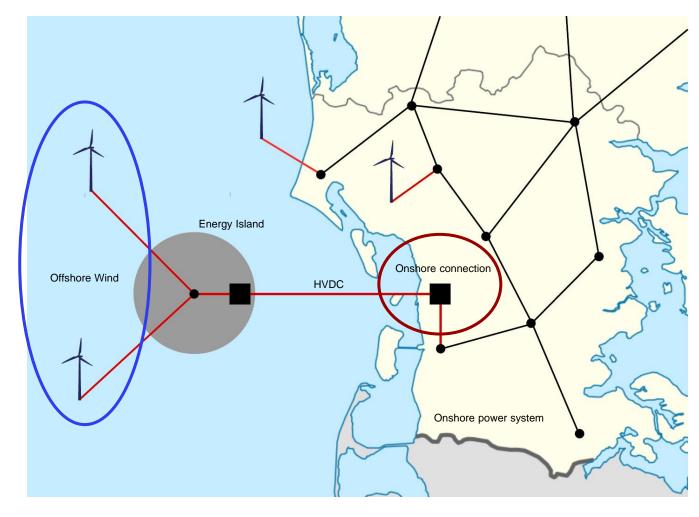
- Energy Island:
 - HVDC decouples the offshore from the onshore system
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 - Offshore system has different characteristics and different needs





Energy Island:

- HVDC decouples the offshore from the onshore system
- Onshore HVDC converter establishes the connection to the power system
 - > Responsible for grid code compliance
- Offshore system has different characteristics and different needs
- Task: Define new grid code requirements for wind parks connected to energy islands
- Potential for cost savings due to reduced equipment and optimized operation





Bornholm as a test centre for energy island technologies

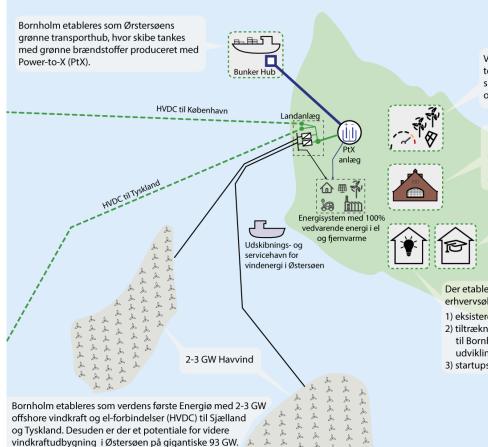


Bornholm as a test centre for energy island technologies

Bornholm har unikke erhversudviklingsmuligheder knyttet til denne udvikling bl.a. omkring test og demonstration af energiø-teknologi, underleverandørindustri, udskibningssted og servicehavn.

- Energy Island Bornholm:
 - Bornholm will be the first ever energy island
 - Inhabited island with existing infrastructure
 - Airport, ferry, port, etc.
 - Accessibility derisks testing of new solutions
 - Local power system part of the energy island

Vision for Bornholm som Nationalt Center for Grøn Energi, der i krydsfeltet mellem teknologi, innovation og erhvervsudvikling vil udbygge Danmarks grønne føreposition



Videreudvikling af Bornholm som Europas førende testø for intelligente og fleksible energiløsninger. Der skabes nem adgang for virksomheder til energi-, IoTog datainfrastrukturer som etableres i projektet.

Etablering af et levende hus i Rønne Elværk med innovation, samarbejde og erhvervsudvikling for virksomheder, forskere og studerende og som er et synligt varetegn og internationalt fremvisningssted for grønne energiløsninger.

Etablering af et Residential College i det levende hus – et lærings- og udviklingsmiljø hvor forskere og studerende kan tage ophold og samarbejde med iværksættere og etablerede virksomheder. Over tid udvikles det til et egentligt inkubationsmiljø.

Der etableres en Innovationshub med fokus på et nyt erhvervsøkosystem inden for grøn energi. Dette faciliterer:

- eksisterende virksomheder på Bornholm,
- tiltrækning af nye (især internationale) virksomheder til Bornholm, der også kan være trækkraft for udviklingen
- 3) startups, som slår sig ned på Bornholm.

A A A A A A A93 GW Havvindpotentiale
i Østersøen

Slide: Daniel Müller, DTU

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Bornholm as a test centre for energy island technologies

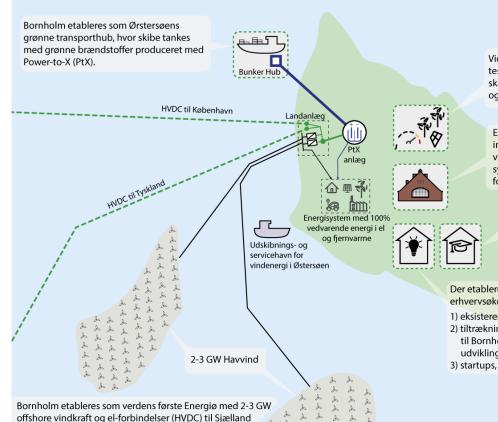
og Tyskland. Desuden er der et potentiale for videre vindkraftudbygning i Østersøen på gigantiske 93 GW. Bornholm har unikke erhversudviklingsmuligheder

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- Bornholm as a test centre:
 - 1. Technologies can and will be tested due to Bornholm being the first of its kind
- 2. Development of a dedicated test centre Slide: Daniel Minimpledded in the energy island infrastructure

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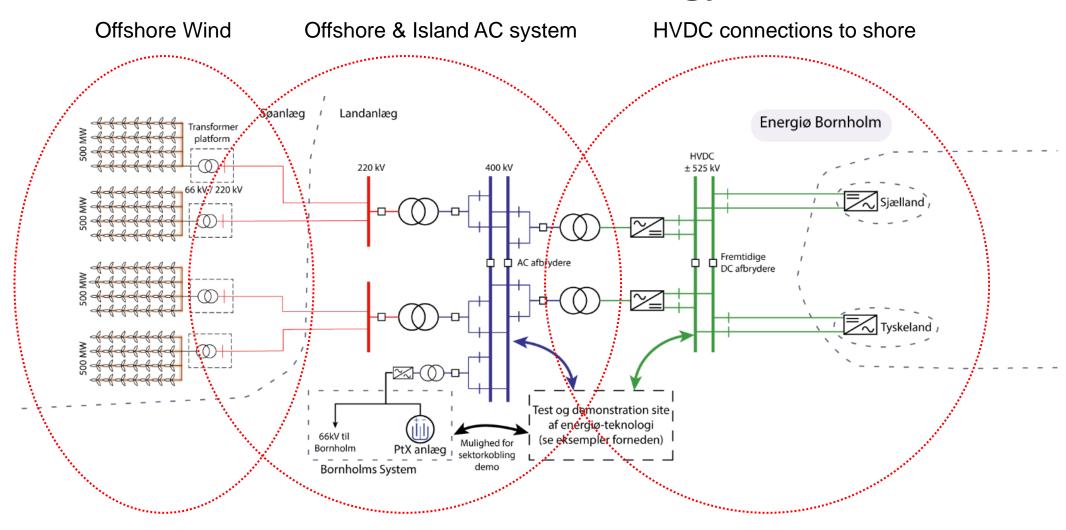
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AAAAAA 93 GW Havvindpotentiale i Østersøen

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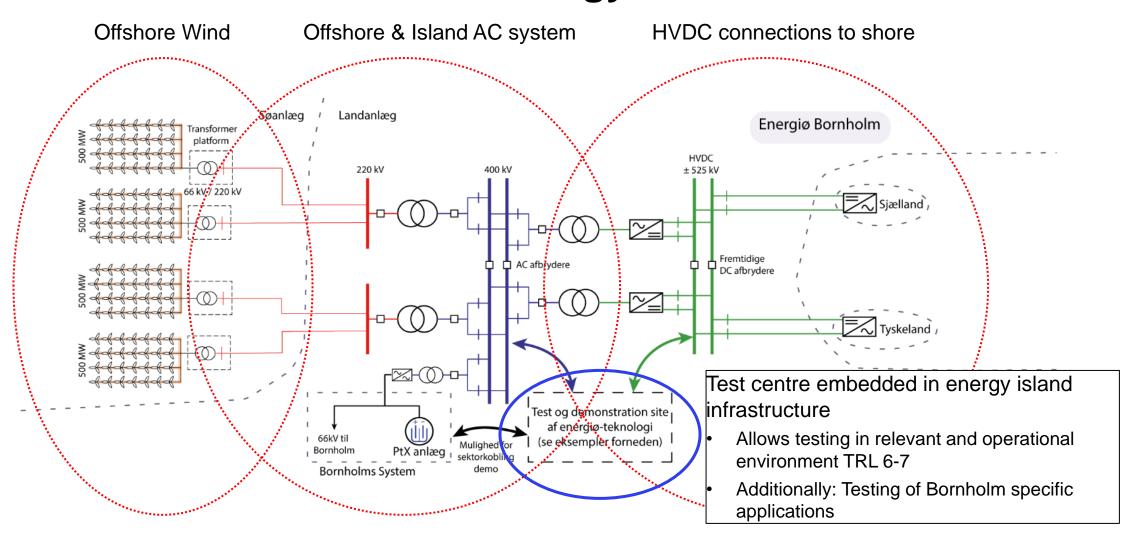
Electrical infrastructure of the energy island Bornholm



Slide: Daniel Müller, DTU



Test centre embedded in energy island





Main takeaways

- Offshore wind ambitions in Europe are very high & moving towards very large projects
- HVDC technology is quickly ramping up and is very closely related to offshore wind (for now)
- "Old" paradigms of P2P connections not good anymore, need to move to more centralized infrastructure like energy islands and multi-termina HVDC offshore grids
- Opportunities for "energy island" wind turbines/plants & test centers

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