The value of solar forecasting



Rodrigo Amaro e Silva (rasilva@fc.ul.pt)

June 11th 2020



Jun 2020

2020 Meteorology & Market Design for Grid Services Workshop

Motivation for this session

Why solar forecasting



Variability vs Uncertainty (Ela et al., 2013)



High PV-penetration study in Arizona (USA)

Uncertainty is responsible for 2/3 of PV-driven imbalance

Motivation for this talk Why solar forecasting <u>value</u>



- 2015-2020: PhD on solar forecasting
 - Read about tons of models, metrics, data sources, etc.



- But what about applications? And added value?
 - Scattered references and barely discussed in literature reviews

A range of applications The smart grid ecosystem





Solar plant operators









- □ Plant operators forecast their generation + bid selling price
 - Penalties applied to forecast deviations
 - Forecast horizon & penalty mechanism depend on given market







□ As an example, (Antonanzas et al., 2017)

1.86 MW PV plant in Spain



Forecast can increase margins by up to 3.65 €/MWh

Grid operators







Unit commitment and dispatch

Power grids of various sizes



- Grid operators must deal with solar uncertainty
 - To do so they use:
 - ramping of operating generators (\$\sqrt{efficiency}\$)
 - dispatch operating reserves (↑costs)
 - curtailment (↑costs)









A system operator example



- □ As an example, (Martinez-Anido et al., 2016)
 - 100+ TWh/y grid in USA (18% PV, biomass, coal, gas, hydro, nuclear)



Forecast can reduce costs by 1.43 \$/MWh

Unit commitment and dispatch

Suggested reading







Grab the low-hanging fruit: use solar forecasting before storage to stabilize the grid

Steven E. Letendre, October 2014

Other applications



Solar plant operators

- Storage & curtailment scheduling for ramp-rate compliance (Cires et al., 2019)
- Thermal control of CSP plants (Nouri et al., 2020)

Grid operation

Coping with extreme events, e.g. solar eclipse (Killinger et al., 2016)

Prosumer

12

- Load scheduling to ↑self-consumption (Masa-Bote et al., 2014)
- Storage scheduling to ↑self-consumption (Moshövel et al., 2016)

Solar Eclipse

A few numbers





energytransition.org(2015)







- Broad range of applications (techno-economic benefit)
 - \square difficult to compare results due to \neq contexts and regulations
- Synergies between forecasting and generator/storage/load scheduling
- □ ↑behind-the-meter PV: focus shifts to net-load (Haupt et al., 2017)
- □ Cost of forecasting should be considered, e.g. (Cires et al., 2019)

Final remarks

Thanks for listening! Questions? Remarks?

<u>I have some extra slides just in case 😳</u>

Rodrigo Amaro e Silva, <u>rasilva@fc.ul.pt</u> <u>www.linkedin.com/in/rodrigoamaroesilva/</u>







(Con/Pro)sumers





Self-consumption And some "spices"



- Storage and demand side management
 - Maximizing self-consumption and/or complying with feed-in limits
 - coordination based on load and PV forecasts













19



□ As an example, (Moshövel et al., 2016)

Household in Germany, PV + storage with feed-in limit



Forecast can reduce costs by up to 2-13 €/MWh





- (Antonanzas et al., 2017), <u>The value of solar forecasting for photovoltaics</u> in the Spanish electricity market, Solar Energy
- (Cires et al., 2019), <u>The potential of forecasting in reducing the LCOE in PV</u> <u>plants under ramp-rate restrictions</u>, Energy
- (Ela et al., 2013), <u>Impacts of variability and uncertainty in solar</u> <u>photovoltaic generation at multiple timescales</u>, NREL Report
- (Haupt et al., 2017), <u>Blending distributed photovoltaic and demand load</u> <u>forecasts</u>, Solar Energy
- (Killinger et al., 2016), <u>Impact of the Solar Eclipse from 20th March 2015</u>
 <u>on the German Electrical Supply Simulation and Analysis</u>, Energy Tech.
- (Letendre, 2014), <u>Grab the low-hanging fruit: use solar forecasting</u> <u>before storage to stabilize the grid</u>, Renewable Energy World

22



- (Luthander et al., 2015), <u>Photovoltaic self-consumption in buildings: A</u> <u>review</u>, Applied Energy
- (Martinez-Anido et al., 2016), <u>The value of day-ahead solar power</u> <u>forecasting improvement</u>, Solar Energy
- (Masa-Bote et al., 2014), <u>Improving photovoltaics grid integration through</u> <u>short time forecasting and self-consumption</u>, Applied Energy
- (Moshövel et al., 2015), <u>Analysis of the maximal possible grid relief from</u> <u>PV-peak-power impacts by using storage systems for increased self-</u> <u>consumption</u>, Applied Energy
- (Nouri et al., 2020), <u>Optimization of parabolic trough power plant</u> operations in variable irradiance conditions using all sky imagers, Solar Energy