Interconnection Study Process, Reliability Implications, and Possible Improvements

Preliminary thoughts regarding FERC's NOPR on Improvements to Generator Interconnection Procedures and Agreements

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Joint ESIG-NAGF-NERC-EPRI Generator Interconnection Workshop Session 3: Interconnection Studies

August 10, 2022

 Image: Second system
 Image: Second system

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- The views expressed in the presentation do not necessarily represent the views of the DOE or the U.S.
 Government.

Why We Are Here: Today's Interconnection Process

Generation Interconnection Queue Process

Technical Update

Project Manager M. Bello

Product ID: 3002020483

September 2021

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- Backlog and long process
- Lack of technical standards
- Diversity of processes
- Different level of technical detail for models & studies
- Often not automated

ISOs/RTOs Interconnection Process Scope & Durations

| FERC LGIP | CAISO | ISO-NE | NYISO | PJM | MISO | ERCOT | SPP | Ranges of Duratio |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------|
| Interconnection Request | Request Initiated | | | | | | | |
| Feasibility Study | Phase 1 Study (6 months) | Feasibility Study (3 months) | Optional Feasibility Study (3 months) | Feasibility Study (3 months) | Defining Planning Phase (DPP) Phase I Preliminary System Impact (4 ½ months) | ERCOT Screening Study (6 months) | Definitive Interconnection System Impact Study (DSIS) Phase 1 (3 months) | 3 to 6 months |
| System Impact Study | Phase 2 Study (7 months) | System impact Study (9 months) | System Reliability Impact Study (3 months) | System Impact Study (4 months) | DPP Phase II Revised System Impact Study (2 ½ months) | Full Interconnection Study (FIS) (10 months) | DSIS Phase 2 (4 months) | 2 ½ to 9 month |
| Facilities Study | System Impact and Facilities Study (4 months) | Facilities Study (3 to 6 months) | Class Year Interconnection Facilities Study (12 months) | Facilities Study (6 months) | DPP Phase III Final System Impact Study (3 ½ months) | Facility Study (3 months) | Facilities Study (4 ½ months) | 3 to 12 months |

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Generation Interconnection Queue Process. EPRI. Palo Alto, CA: 2021. 3002020483. [Online] https://www.epri.com/research/products/00000003002020483

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Why We Are (Also) Here: Reliability Issues with IBR

Observed Solar PV Reliability Issues Are Rooted in Insufficient Unit Performance and Plant Design:

Inverter related causes

- PLL Loss of Synchronism
- AC Under- or Overvoltage
- Under- or Overfrequency
- Momentary Cessation
- Inverter AC Overcurrent
- Inverter DC Voltage

Plant controller related causes

Slow Active Power Recovery

Collector system related causes

- Feeder AC Overvoltage
- Feeder Underfrequency

NERC recommendations call for more than just guidelines:

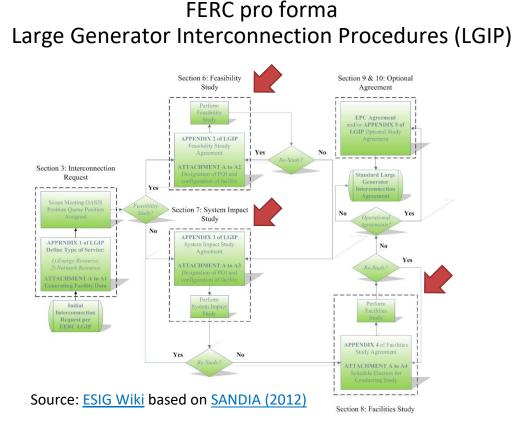
- Improvements to <u>NERC Reliability Standards</u>
 - Improvements to Performance-Based Requirements
 - Performance Assessment and Mitigation
 - Ride-Through Standard In Lieu Of PRC-024-3
 - Analysis and Reporting of Inverter-Based Resource Reductions
 - Electromagnetic Transient Modeling and Studies for All Newly Interconnecting Inverter-Based Resources
- Significant Updates and Improvements to the <u>FERC Generator Interconnection Agreements</u>



NERC Quick Reference Guide: Inverter-Based Resource Activities

https://www.nerc.com/pa/Documents/IBR_Quick%20Reference%20Guide.pdf

North American Interconnection Procedures



Feasibility Study

- Input: Designated/alternative POIs
- Purpose: identify thermal/voltage limit violations & estimate grid upgrade costs
- Scope: power flow and short circuit analysis (steady state)

System Impact Study

- Input: as above
- Purpose: evaluate <u>reliability impact</u> on transmission grid
- Scope: short-circuit, <u>stability</u>, power flow analysis

Facilities Study

 Purpose: estimate cost of the equipment, engineering, and construction work; identify electrical configurations of the transformer(s), switchgear, meters, and other station equipment; identify the nature and estimated cost of any transmission network upgrades

How to Improve Process Efficiency and Maintain Reliability?

FERC NOPR on Improvements to Generator Interconnection Procedures and Agreements (RM22-14)

- Press release available <u>here</u>.
- Key areas of reforms:
 - Implement a first-ready, first-served cluster study process
 - Improve interconnection queue processing speed
 - Incorporate technological advancements into the interconnection process
 - Update modeling and performance requirements for system reliability

| FERC ⊕ ⊛ O Industries & | HOME > NEWS EVENTS > NEWS > FERC PROPOSES INTERCONNECTION REFORMS TO ADDRESS QUEUE BACKLOGS NEWS RELEASES FERC Proposes Interconnection Reforms to Do oblo os | Address Queue |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Data | Backlogs | |
| ہے۔ Public Participation | June 16, 2022 f in | |
| Enforcement & Legal | Docket No. RM22-14 Items E-1 Staff Presentation | Contact Information |
| News & Events | FERC today issued a proposed rule focused on expediting the current process for connecting new electric generation facilities to the grid. The notice of proposed rulemaking (NOPR) aims to address significant current backlogs in the interconnection queues by improving interconnection procedures, providing greater certainty and preventing undue discrimination against new generation. At the end of 2021, there were more than 1,400 gigawatts of generation and storage waiting in interconnection queues throughout the country. This is more than triple the total volume just five years ago. Projects now face an average timeline of more than three years to get | Mary O'Driscoll Director, Media Relations Telephone: <u>202-502-8580</u> Email: <u>mediadi@ferc.gov</u> = |
| About | connected to the grid. As the resource mix rapidly changes, the Commission's policies must keep pace. Today's NOPR proposes reforms to ensure that interconnection customers can access the grid in a reliable, efficient, transparent and timely manner. | Latest News |
| FERC Online | "Today's unanimous action addresses the urgent need to update, expedite and streamline our processes to interconnect new resources to the grid," FERC Chairman Rich Glick said. "We are witnessing unprecedent demand for new resources seeking to interconnect to the transmission grid, and queue delays are hindering customers' access to new, low-cost generation." | FERC Staff issues the Final Environmental Impact Statement for the MF66-69 Compression Relocation and Modification Amendment and the MF33 Compressor Station Modification Amendment Project (Docket Nos. CP21-1-000 and CP21-458- 000) |
| | The proposed rule includes several key areas of reforms. | uuusi June 24, 7022 |

Focus of this presentation

Comments are due 130 days from publication in Federal Register : October 13, 2022

NERC IRPS Work Item #8: Summary of Recommendations¹

Recommendation 1

Paradigm shift towards IBRs as the "Good Citizen" – Integrating a unified minimum set of IBR capability prior to its potential future utilization

> Adoption of IEEE 2800-2022 as soon as possible (with additional guidance before P2800.2 is available)

Recommendation 2

Interconnection Process Improvements – *Pre-commissioning and post-commissioning plant-level performance conformity assessment and verification*

Revise FERC LGIP and associated ISOs/RTOs/TOs interconnection processes

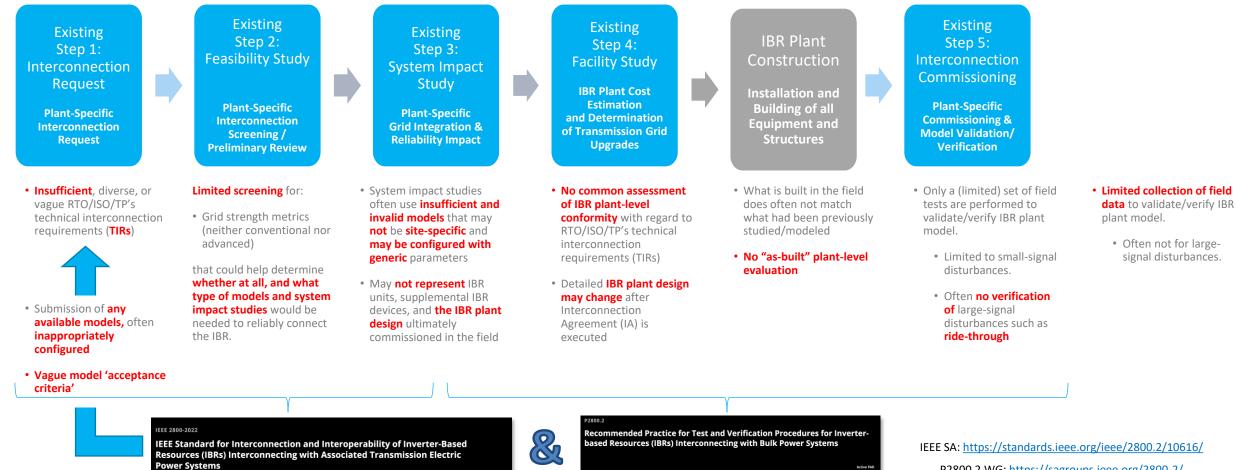
Recommendation 3

•Education and Collaboration – Continuous and Iterative Improvement of IBR Performance Requirements, Plant-Level Modeling, and Model Validation

Engage in IEEE P2800.2 (Recommended Practice for IEEE 2800 Test and Verification Procedures)

¹ The views presented on this slide reflect the personal views of the individuals presenting it and shall not be considered the official position of the **North American Electric Reliability Corporation** or any of its committees. The slide aims to outline the perceived consensus lines of the stakeholders involved in the applicable NERC IRPS Subgroup but may not be supported by all of its participants.

Review of Challenges and Opportunities for North America Interconnection Process

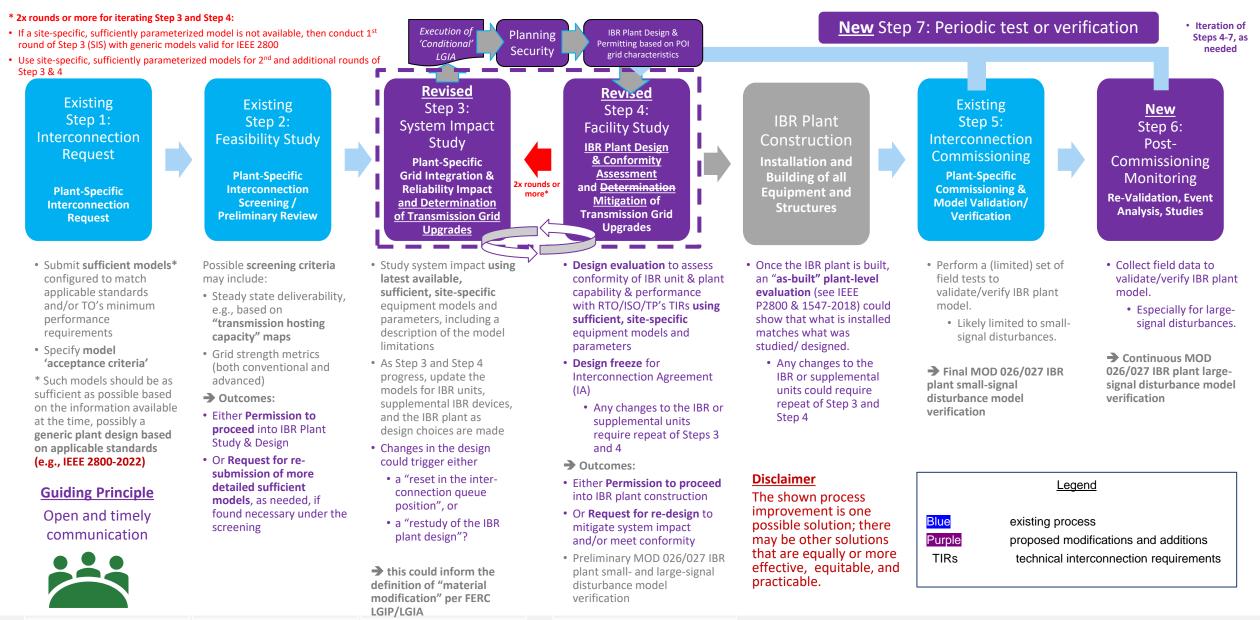


P2800.2 WG: https://sagroups.ieee.org/2800-2/

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Possible Inference for Interconnection Process Improvements



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Support Reforms by Education and Collaboration

Get involved...!

| ESIG Reliability Working Group | Scope: modeling, grid codes and interconnection requirements, weak grids, grid forming converters, etc. Contact: <u>Jason MacDowell</u>, GE Power Web: <u>https://www.esig.energy/reliability-working-group/</u> Deliverables: technical reports, webinars meets 3-4x times per year |
|---|---|
| NERC IRPS Subgroup Work Item #8 | Scope: interconnection process and studies Contact: <u>Ryan Quint</u>, NERC Web: <u>https://www.nerc.com/comm/RSTC/Pages/IRPWG.aspx</u> Deliverables: NERC reliability guideline meets every other week |
| IEEE P2800.2 Working Group | Scope: recommended practices for test and verification procedures for plant-level conformance Contact: <u>Andy Hoke</u>, NREL Web: <u>https://sagroups.ieee.org/2800-2/</u> Deliverables: IEEE recommended practice WG meets 3-6x times per year; subgroups meet every other week |
| NERC Reliability Standards Drafting Teams | MOD 026/027 Revision: <u>Brad Marszalkowski</u> Web: <u>https://www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Pages/Project-2020_06-Verifications-of-Models-and-Data-for-Generators.aspx</u> TPL-001-5.1 and MOD-032-1 Modifications: <u>Ben Wu</u> Web: <u>https://www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Pages/Project2022-02ModificationstoTPL-001-5-1andMOD-032-1.aspx</u> Modifications to FAC-001 and FAC-002: Web: <u>https://www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Pages/Project-2020-05-Modifications-to-FAC-001-and-FAC-002.aspx</u> |
| Open or Future FERC Dockets | Scope based on Federal Power Act Section 205 and 206: Office of Energy Markets and Regulations (OEMR) – transmission generation interconnection process Section 215: Office of Electric Reliability – reliability standards FERC NOPR on Improvements to Generator Interconnection Procedures and Agreements (RM22-14) – comments due October 13, 2022 |

Preliminary Considerations for FERC's NOPR on Improvements to Generator Interconnection Procedures and Agreements¹ (1/2)

Update modeling and performance requirements for system reliability

> For performance **requirements**, could FERC refer to existing IEEE standards 2800-2022 and 1547-2018/1547a-2020?

- IEEE standards are available to anyone (for purchase) and have been developed in a standards development process that is rooted in consensus, due process, openness, right to appeal and balance.
- There is precedence in FERC orders, NERC reliability standards, and State PUCs' regulations for references to IEEE standards. Similar frameworks exist in other countries.
- Referring to technical standards like IEEE can increase specificity and configurability of performance requirements.
- Need for a set of criteria to determine when IEEE 2800 or 1547 be used for certain sub-transmission connected IBR plants.
- *For performance verification, could FERC refer to the evolving IEEE P2800.2 recommended practices? It may include:*
 - Requirements for type testing to ensure IBR unit conformity and availability of measurement data for model validation.
 - New procedures for plant-level conformity assessment prior to construction during "design evaluation".
 - Mandatory "as-built evaluation" <u>after construction</u> to compare against the previously evaluated plant design.
 - Continuous monitoring <u>after commissioning</u> for continuous performance conformity assessment and model validation.
- > How can validated models be submitted with an interconnection request at a time when plant equipment is not yet selected?
 - Plant equipment like IBR units (inverters) and supplemental IBR devices (like plant controller, reactive devices, etc.) may not be firmly selected until a (conditional?) LGIA has been executed.

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Preliminary Considerations for FERC's NOPR on Improvements to Generator Interconnection Procedures and Agreements¹ (2/2)

Incorporate technological advancements into the interconnection process

> Would **changes** in plant design, e.g., IBR units, be considered a "material modification"? If not, would such changes still require a re-submission of validated models? If so, how could that impact the timeline of the studies/process?

Other issues

- What about existing plants that do not perform as desired?
- What about plants that are currently in the interconnection queue?

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Summary & Conclusions

- Inverter unit conformity with technical interconnection requirements / grid codes does not guarantee plant-level conformity.
- Plant-level conformity assessment prior to construction requires validated equipment information for use in IBR design evaluation.
 - Conformity assessment could range from the use of **check lists** to detailed equipment and plant **modeling**
 - If IEEE 2800-2022 is widely adopted, a "common and sufficient" IBR plant design may evolve that could allow for a simplified design evaluation and inform the configuration of generic IBR plant models
 - Transmission planners could develop new practices and contribute to IEEE P2800.2 (Recommended Practice for IEEE 2800 Test and Verification Procedures)
- North American interconnection practices/studies for large IBRs could be improved.
 - Could leverage international learnings in IEC¹, ENTSO-e, German VDE and FGW², AEMO, et al.
 - > FERC could fill some important gaps that have not been identified in the recent NOPR

¹ IEC TS 63102:2021 Grid Code Compliance Assessment Methods For Grid Connection Of Wind And PV Power Plants ² VDE-AR-N 41xx, FGW Technical Guidelines TG3 (Measurements), TG4 (Modeling & Validation), and TG8 (Certification)

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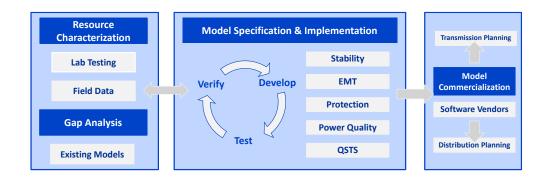
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Thank you!

 More info available at: <u>https://www.epri.com/pvmod</u>



Validated; publicly available models for various types of studies, reports detailing the research, close collaboration with industry stakeholders (NERC, WECC, IEEE, etc.)

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