Multi-Value Transmission Planning for a Clean Energy Future

ESIG ENERGY SYSTEMS INTEGRATION GROUP

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TELOSENERGY

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New ESIG Report



Multi-Value Transmission Planning for a Decarbonized Future, an ERCOT Case Study

A Report of the Energy Systems Integration Group's Transmission **Task Force**

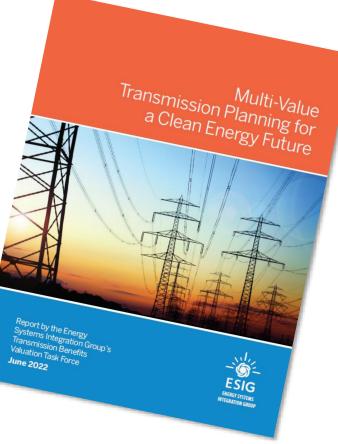
Key Recommendations

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- 1. Go beyond production costs and implement a multi-benefit framework,
- 2. Plan for the long-term, but start today,

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- 3. Get comfortable with uncertainty and adopt established methods to deal with it,
- 4. Quantify resource adequacy and resilience benefits,
- 5. Break down silos and plan interregional projects.



Report:

https://www.esig.energy/m ulti-value-transmissionplanning-report/

Webinar:

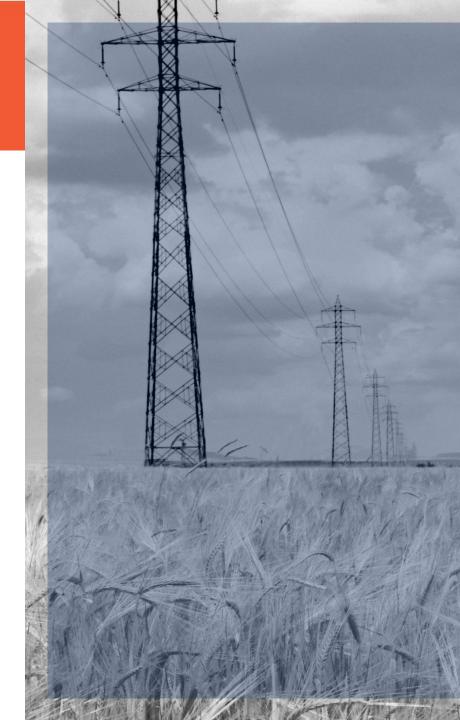
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Four barriers to transmission planning for a clean energy future

A series of interviews with ESIG members and transmission planners highlighted four key barriers to transmission planning:

- 1. Focus on local reliability rather than regional economic efficiency, leaving value on the table
- 2. Interconnection queues favor short-term network upgrades rather than proactive planning
- 3. Lack of interregional planning and interstate coordination
- 4. Cost allocation is difficult, controversial and political

The transition to a high-renewables grid means that our conventional ways of planning transmission needs to be modified **TELOS ENERGY**



Today's Typical Transmission Planning Framework



Generator Interconnection

- Individual project or cluster analysis
- Local reliability analysis only
- Static "snap-shot" analysis
- Limited transmission upgrades for specific project(s)
- Reliability > Economic benefits
- Short-term horizon
- Generator pays for upgrades

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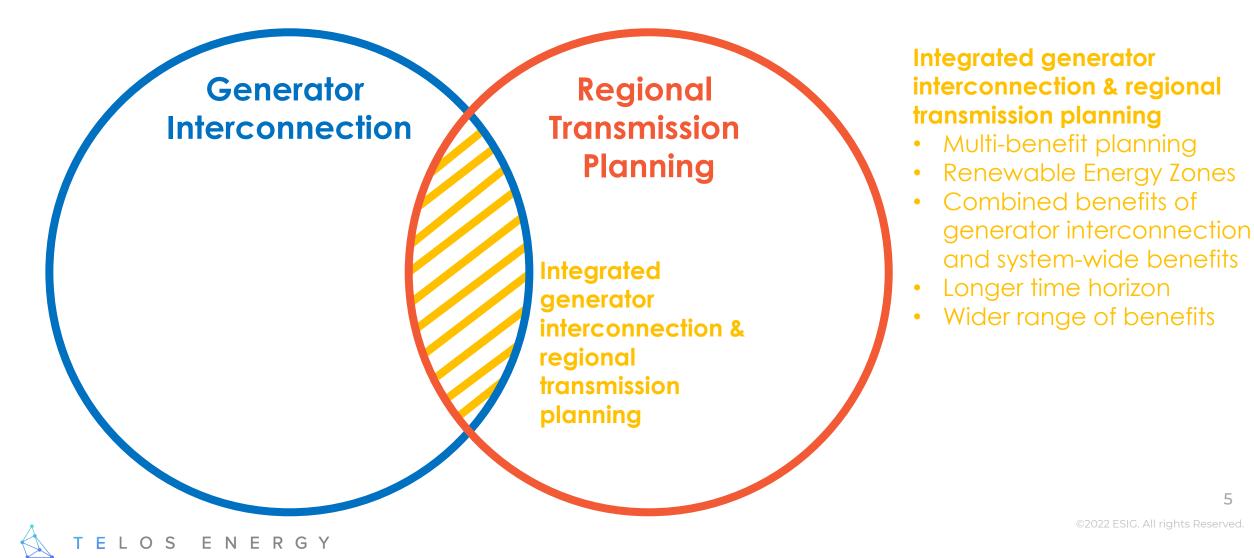
Regional Transmission Planning

- Full system-wide analysis
- Economic, Reliability, and Adequacy
- Full-year or multi-year analysis across broad range of conditions
- Regional or interregional transfers
- Economic >= reliability
- Longer-term horizon
- Policy and environmental benefits
 - Load pays

Limited overlap & coordination

What we need to do...





Implementing a multi-value framework for valuing transmission upgrades:



Reframing Transmission Valuation Methods: ERCOT Case Study

Objective:

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- Revitalize multi-value transmission planning
- Provide a playbook for transmission planners
- Simplify the message for key industry stakeholders
- Influence FERC NOPR and efforts at ISOs/RTOs

How:

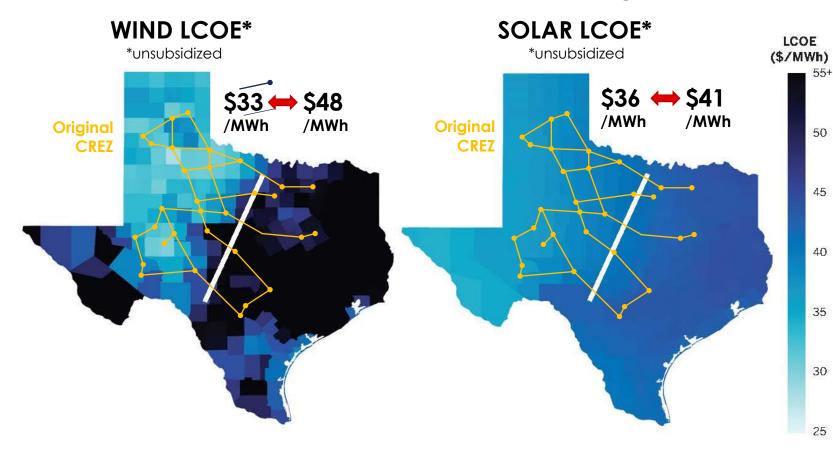
Use the ERCOT West Texas Export and interregional transmission as a <u>case study</u> to illustrate the benefits of a multi-value framework



Reduced Capital Cost Benefits



How do we capture the benefits of accessing lower cost resources?



Data Source: The Energy Institute at The University of Texas at Austin, *Levelized Cost of Electricity in the United States by County*, version 1.4.0, <u>https://calculators.energy.utexas.edu/lcoe_map/#/county/tech</u>

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Assumptions:

Absent new transmission, renewables would shift east 33% of additions 2023-2026 66% of additions 2026-2030

13.5 GW of capacity shifted east by 2030...<u>energy is unchanged</u>

To get the same amount of energy from higher cost resources (lower resource, higher land cost, etc.)

<u>Benefits</u>

\$179 million in 2026 \$493 million in 2030 Who gets this benefit? Transmission may be a no-regrets investment when you look across a range of futures

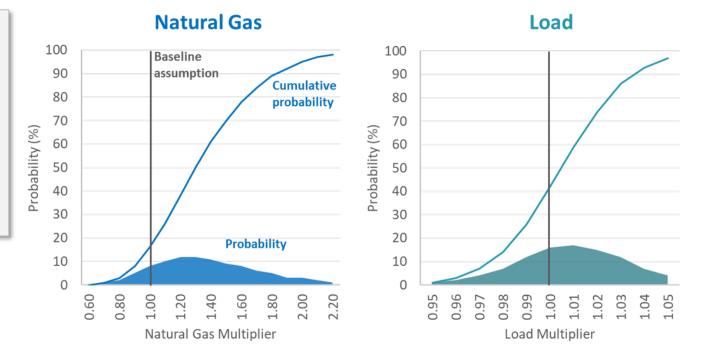


3 Renewable and Retirement Levels x40 Stochastic Gas Price & Load Levels 120 Different Futures Evaluated over 1 million hours of chronological modeling

Transmission may be a Low Regrets asset for Future Uncertainty

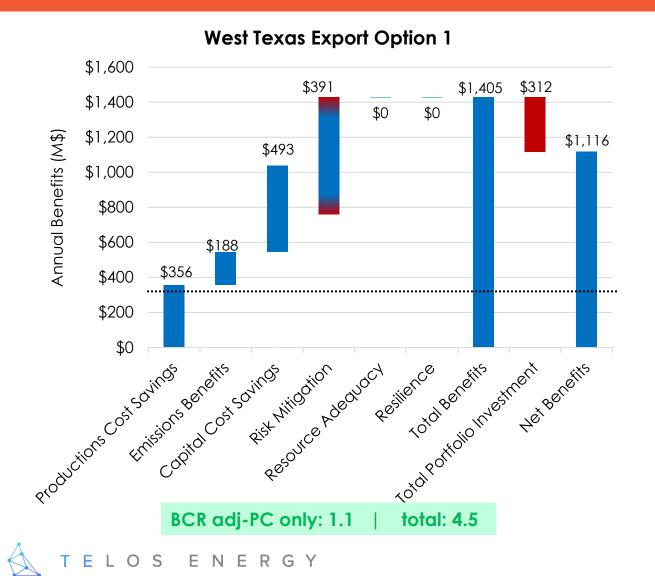
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Our processes need to incorporate a value stacking & prioritization of benefits





- Transmission benefits are much broader than production cost savings, despite planning process in most regions
- Multi-value frameworks are not uniform, different transmission will have different benefits
- Early identification and prioritization of benefits in the transmission planning process is important

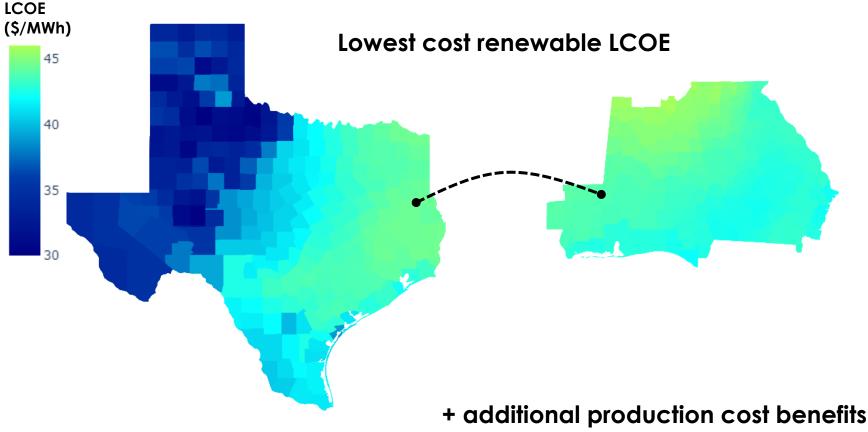
Interregional Transmission Opportunities

Capturing low-cost renewable diversity and reliability benefits

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Proposed 2GW "shovel-ready" transmission project

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2 GW transmission line

2 GW of contracted wind* <u>x43% capacity factor</u> 7500 GWh/year

x\$10/MWh price differential = 75M\$/year capital cost savings

*conservative assumption, could fill the line by overbuilding with minimal spilled energy

+ additional production cost benefits attributed to renewables with a different diurnal profile (not quantified)

Interregional Resource Adequacy Benefits



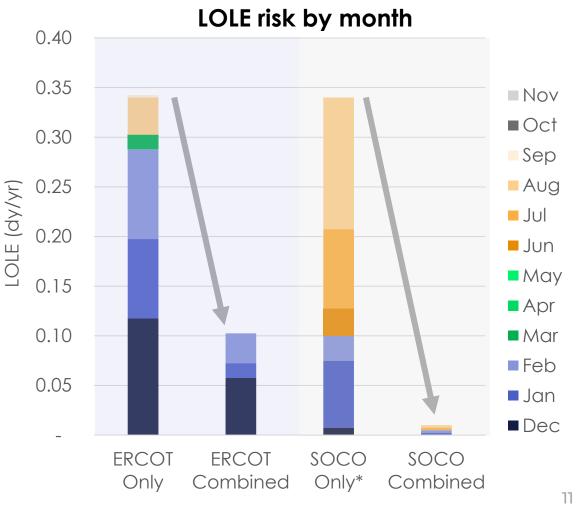
- With additional Southern retirements, the connected system sees RA benefits at both ends of the HVDC line <u>without adding any new resources</u>
- Interregional transmission accesses load diversity and renewable resource diversity
- Improves ERCOT resource adequacy and enables deferral of new gas capacity and additional coal retirements in southeastern US
- Transmission can improve resource adequacy similar to 4 GW of new natural gas capacity [2 GW in ERCOT + 2 GW in Southern Company]

\$240 Million/year of avoided capital cost*

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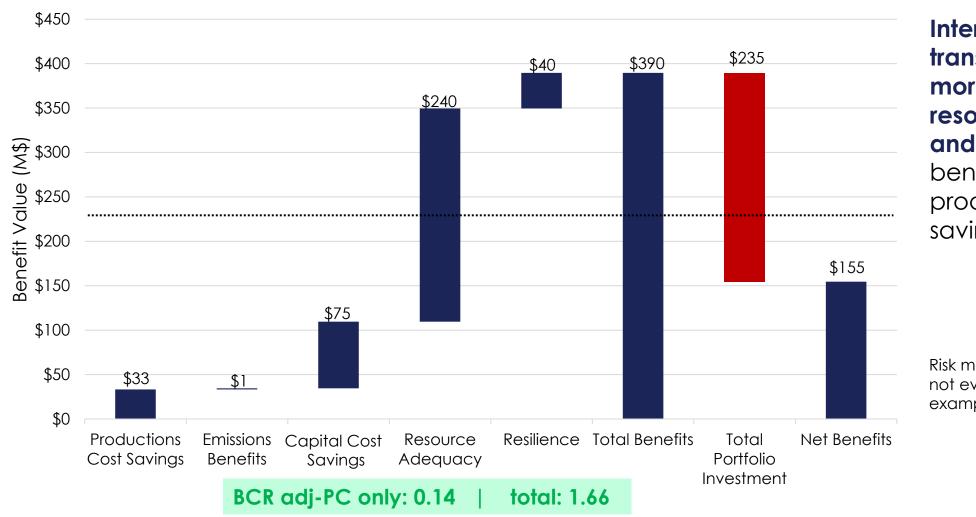
*based on Net-CONE of new gas of \$60/kW-yr

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Bringing it all together, the multi-value stack





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Interregional transmission captures more benefit from resource adequacy and resilience, less benefit from production cost savings and emissions

Risk mitigation benefits not evaluated in this example

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THANK YOU

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