

## **ERCOT** Review of Summer 2018

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#### **Key observations for summer 2018**

- One of the hottest summers on record across Texas, but extreme temperatures were limited to one period (July 18 23) that was not as significant or as sustained as in 2011.
- Resource performance was exceptional with overall low outage numbers.
- Sufficient operating reserves were maintained. ERCOT did not initiate an Energy Emergency Alert (EEA) and did not issue any appeals for conservation.
- The market responded during peak conditions, with the majority of generation resource capacity self-committed.



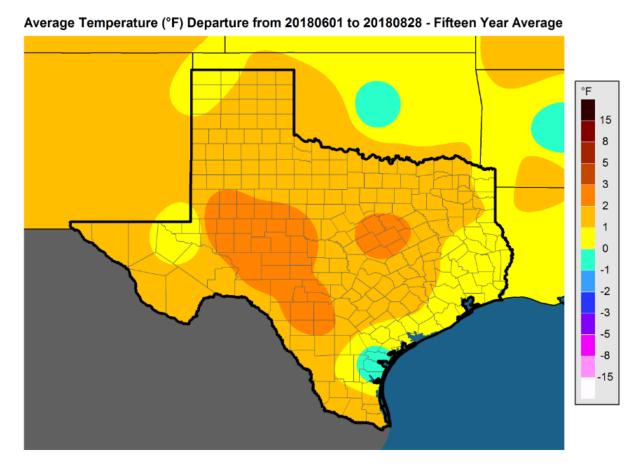
#### **Key observations for summer 2018**

- There was limited remaining generation resource capacity to respond to any significant additional resource unavailability during peak conditions without the use of emergency reserves.
  - There was likely additional available response from demand-side and Distributed Energy Resources.
  - Increased visibility would allow ERCOT to better understand this potential response.
- System-wide prices were higher than in recent years, but Peaker Net Margin did not approach 2011 values.
- High electricity prices in the forward markets led to an increase in collateral requirements for market participants.



## June – August of 2018 was the 5<sup>th</sup> hottest June – August on record for the state of Texas, looking as far back as 1895

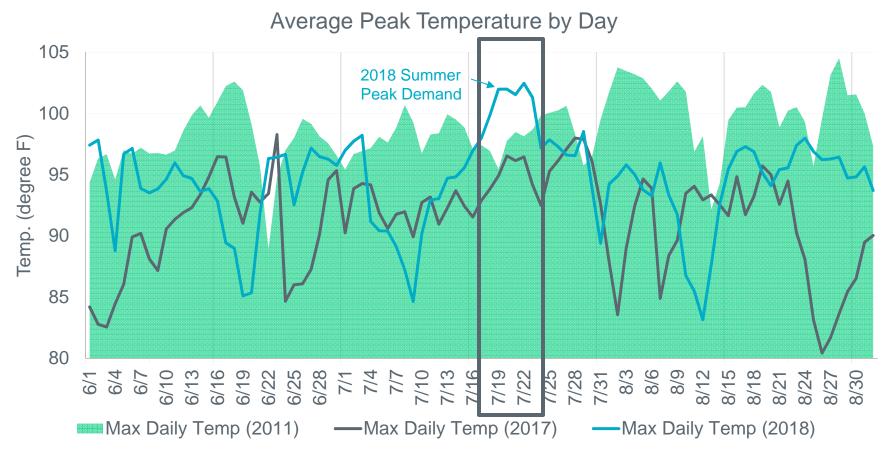
- 2018 temperatures for June through August were surpassed by only 2011, 1934, 1998 and 1980.
- Dallas experienced 23 days of temperatures at or above 100°F (most since 2013).
- Austin experienced 52 days of temperatures at or above 100°F (most since 2011).





## Most sustained period of higher temperatures in 2018 occurred from July 18 – 23

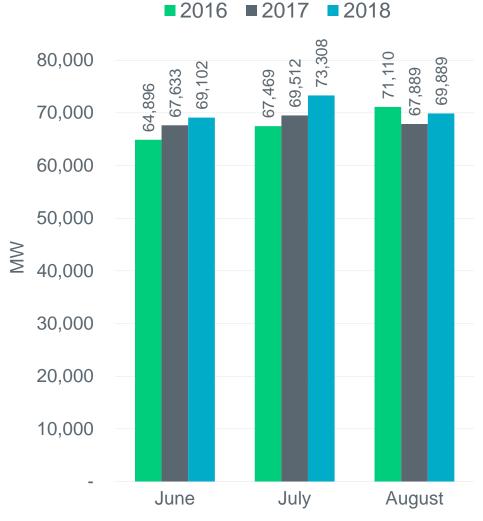
• 2018 temperatures were not as sustained through June, July and August as they were in 2011.





#### The hotter temperatures generally led to increased systemwide demand

- A new all time system-wide peak demand record was set at 73,308 MW on July 19, 2018.
- A new all time system-wide peak weekend demand record was set at 71,445 MW on July 22, 2018.
- Monthly peak demand in June and July 2018 were larger than the two previous years.
- The monthly peak demand from August 2016 was not surpassed.

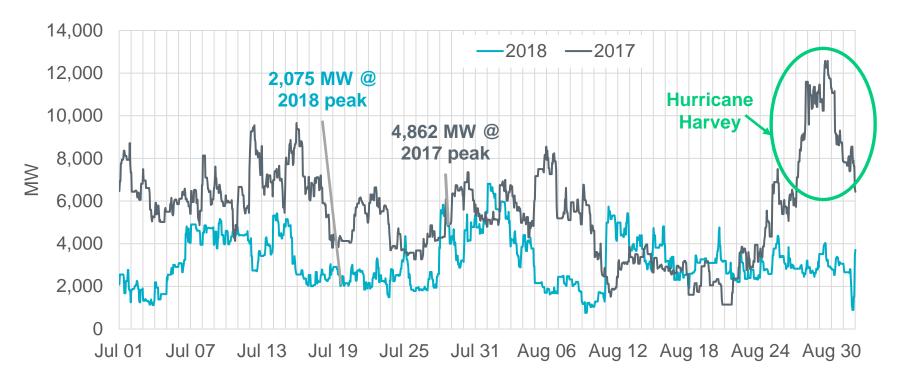


\* Data: Hourly integrated peak demand as published in the ERCOT D&E report.



### MWs of resource outages during peak demand in 2018 were especially low

 During peak demand periods, the resource outage capacity was observed to be significantly lower than in summer 2017.

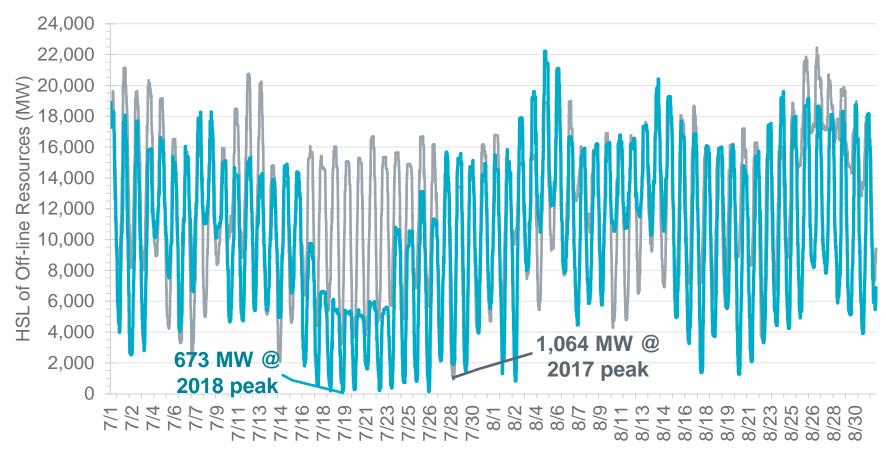


\* Only uses the Outage Scheduler Data as of <u>September 4, 2018</u>
Excludes outages for New Equipment, Retirement, and Mothballs
Excludes outages for PUNs and IRRs.
Includes de-rates, planned, and forced outages for non-IRR, non-PUN Resources



## Observed a particularly small amount of resource capacity that was off-line and available during the peak demand period in 2018



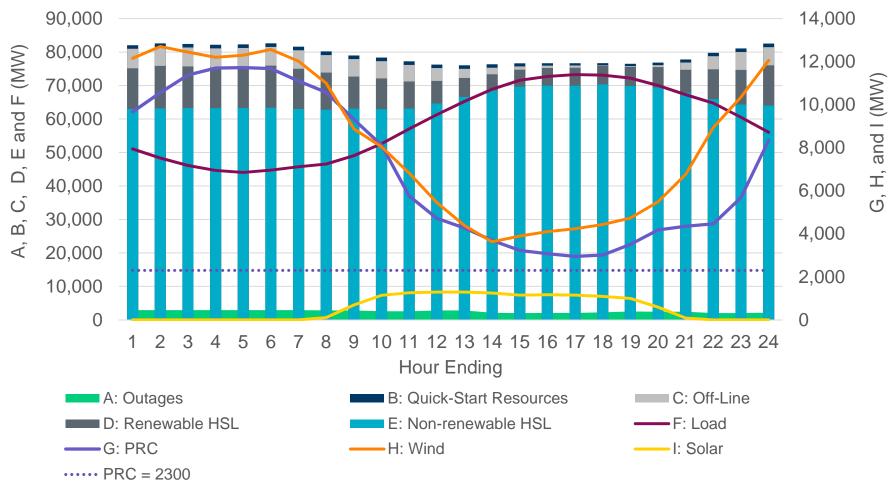


\*"OFF HSL" is a summation of capacity from resources that were simply off-line and those providing non-spinning reserves as an off-line resource.



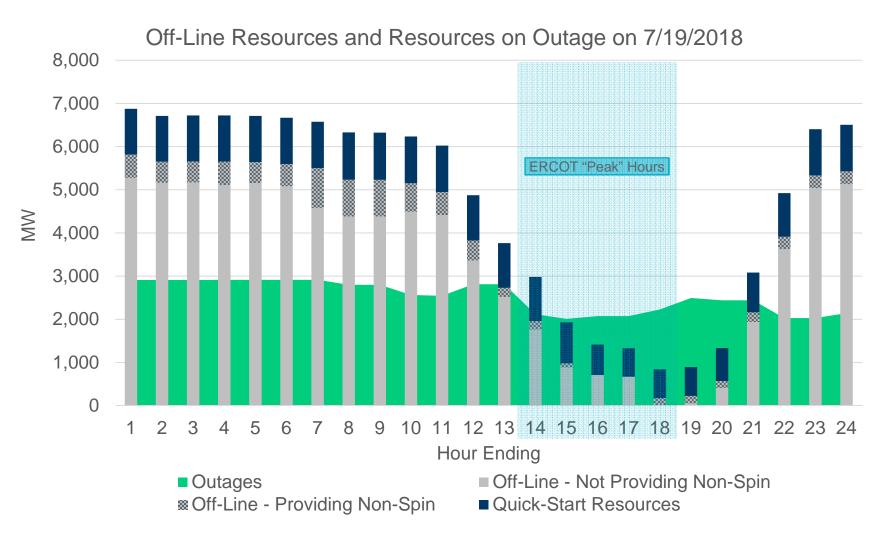
#### A closer look at the peak demand day of July 19

Hourly Average Demand, Capacity, and Reserves on 7/19/2018



\*Off-line capacity is a summation of capacity from resources that were simply off-line and those providing non-spinning reserves as an off-line resource.

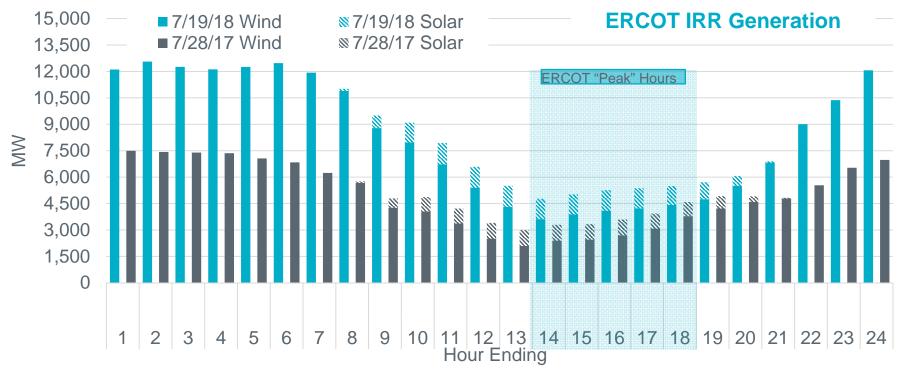
### During the afternoon of July 19, few resources were off-line and available or were on outage





# Higher amount of Intermittent Renewable Resource (IRR) MW occurred during the 2018 peak (7/19/18), relative to 2017 peak (7/28/17)

- Average wind generation during peak hours on July 19, 2018 was ~800 MW higher than on July 28, 2017. Average solar generation during peak hours on July 19, 2018 was ~400 MW higher than on July 28, 2017.
- Average wind generation during peak hours on July 19, 2018 was ~1,900 MW lower than the average for summer 2018 during those same hours of the day.

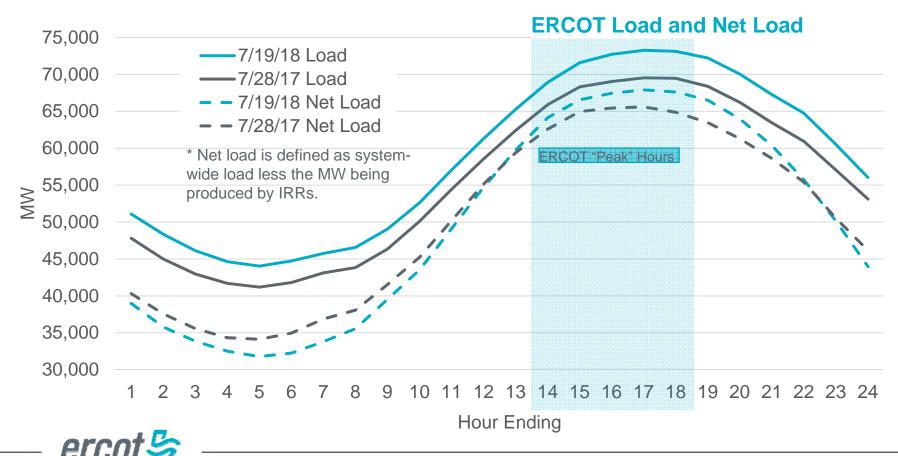


In the Final 2018 Summer SARA, wind contribution was 4,193 MW vs 4,229 MW actual and solar contribution was 1,120 MW vs 1,136 MW actual.



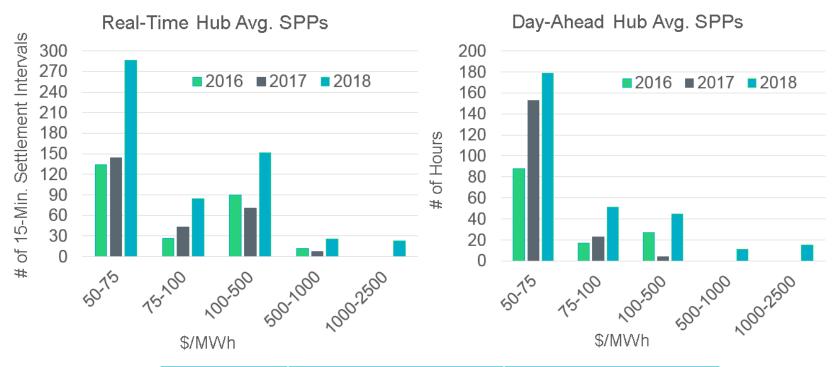
### Load and net load were both higher during the peak day in 2018 (7/19/18) than in 2017 (7/28/17)

Average load during peak hours on July 19, 2018 was ~3,600 MW (5.3%) higher than average load during peak hours on July 28, 2017. Average net load during peak hours on July 19, 2018 was ~2,300 MW (3.4%) higher than average net load during peak hours on July 28, 2017.



**ERCOT Internal** 

# Occurrences of high system-wide Settlement Point Prices (SPPs) in the Day-Ahead Market (DAM) and Real-Time increased in June – August 2018, relative to 2016 and 2017

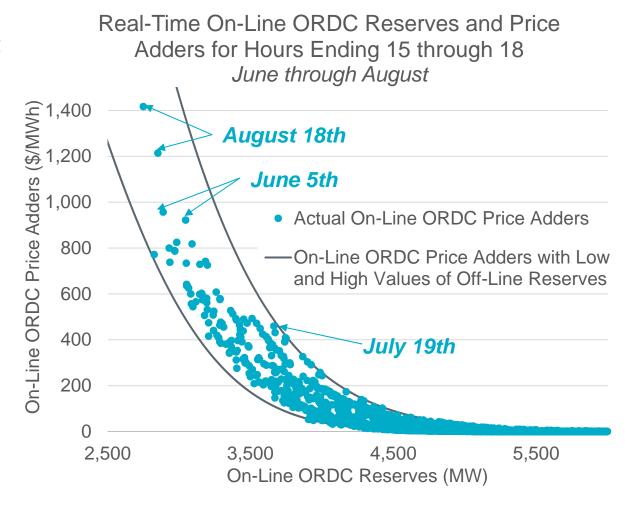


Month	2018 Avg. Hub Avg. SPP in Real-Time	2017 Avg. Hub Avg. SPP in Real-Time	
June	\$32.56/MWh	\$28.71/MWh	
July	\$47.20/MWh	\$30.83/MWh	
August	\$38.17/MWh	\$28.50/MWh	



## Overall reserves did not reach emergency levels, but there were periods of lower ORDC reserves and higher ORDC price adders during June – August 2018

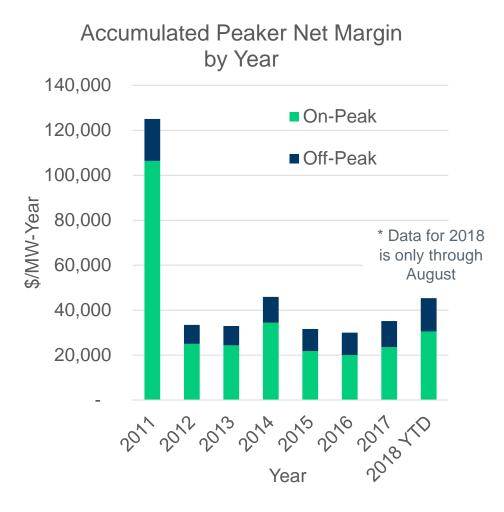
- The day with the largest ORDC price adder was August 18.
- While there were other periods of lower off-line ORDC reserves, higher levels of on-line ORDC reserves were being observed.
  - E.g., on-line ORDC reserves remained above 3,600 MW on July 19.

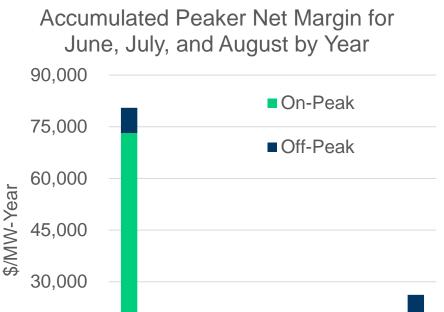




## Accumulated Peaker Net Margin during June – August 2018 was higher than in recent years, but did not approach the value from 2011

15,000

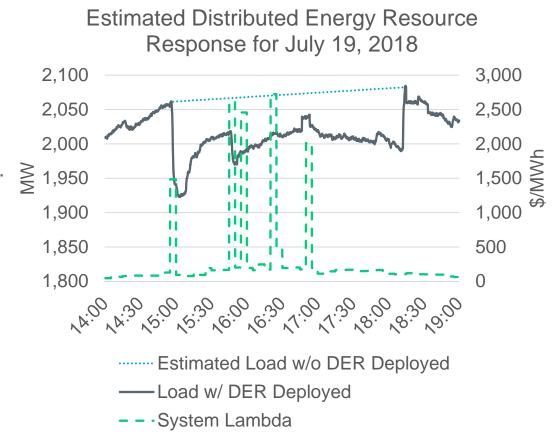






# Based on the limited information currently available, ERCOT estimated that some Distributed Energy Resources (DERs) are responding to price

- ERCOT is currently tracking ~100 mapped, registered DERs located at 93 unique transmission-level loads.
  - ERCOT does not receive telemetry from these DERs.
  - DER response estimated based on changes in transmission-level load consumption.
- This may include 4-Coincident Peak (4-CP) response during this Operating Day.

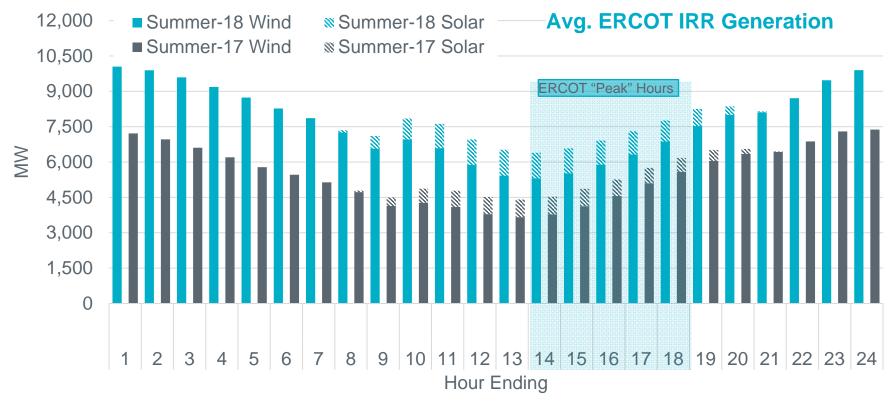


Aggregation of ~100 DERs located behind 93 unique transmission-level loads



### IRRs produced more MW on average in June, July and August 2018, relative to 2017

 Average wind generation during peak hours in summer 2018 was ~2,100 MW higher than summer 2017. Average solar generation during peak hours in summer 2018 was ~400 MW higher than summer 2017.

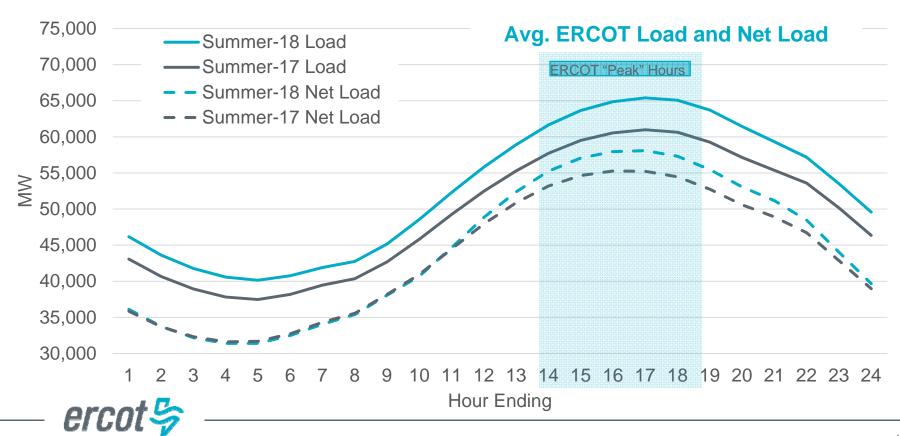


\*At the end of summer 2018, ERCOT's wind installed capacity was 21,704 MW and grid-scale solar installed capacity was 1,422 MW. At the end of summer 2017, ERCOT's wind installed capacity was 20,193 MW and grid-scale solar installed capacity was 1,043 MW.



### Average load and net load in June through August were both higher in 2018 than in 2017

- Average load during peak hours in summer 2018 was ~4,300 MW (7.3%) higher than average load during peak hours in summer 2017. Average net load during peak hours in summer 2018 was ~2,700 MW (4.9%) higher than average net load during peak hours summer 2017.
  - 2017 values impacted by Hurricane Harvey in August



## The Summer 2018 Seasonal Assessment of Resource Adequacy (SARA) values vs. actuals at peak demand

	2018 Actual Peak Demand (7/19/18)	Final 2018 Summer SARA*
Total Resources, MW	77,558	78,184
Thermal and Hydro	65,200	66,457
Private Use Networks, Net to Grid	3,019	3,298
Switchable Generation Resources	3,057	2,727
Wind Capacity Contribution	4,229	4,193
Solar Capacity Contribution	1,136	1,120
Non-Synchronous Ties	917	389
Peak Demand, MW	73,308	72,756
Reserve Capacity, MW	4,250	5,428
Total Outages, MW	2,075*	4,349
Extreme Outage Scenario		6,915
Capacity Available for Operating Reserves, MW	2,175	1,079

Source: Final 2018 Summer SARA

No outages greater than 500 MW



<sup>\*</sup> The totals for the Final 2018 Summer SARA column combine multiple rows into a single row in some cases (E.g., already in-service Thermal and Hydro Resources with planned Thermal and Hydro Resources).

<sup>\*\*</sup> The outage information in this table was extracted on September 4, 2018.

## Q&A

