

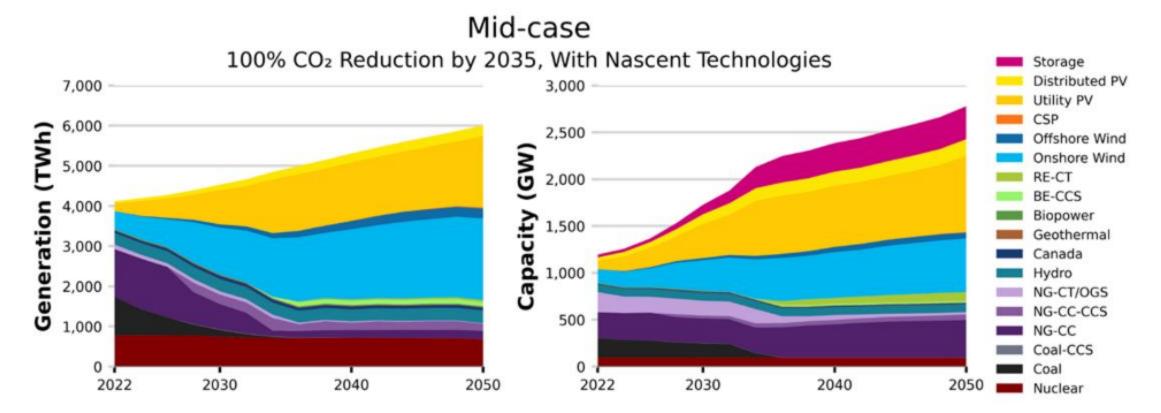
Linking Modeling Tools for Analyzing High Renewable Systems

Elaine Hale March 27, 2023 ESIG 2023 Spring Technical Workshop

Content credit: Michael Blonsky, Jaquelin Cochran, Brady Cowiestoll, Pieter Gagnon, Madeline Geocaris, Kenny Gruchalla, Meghan Mooney, Pedro Andres Sanchez Perez

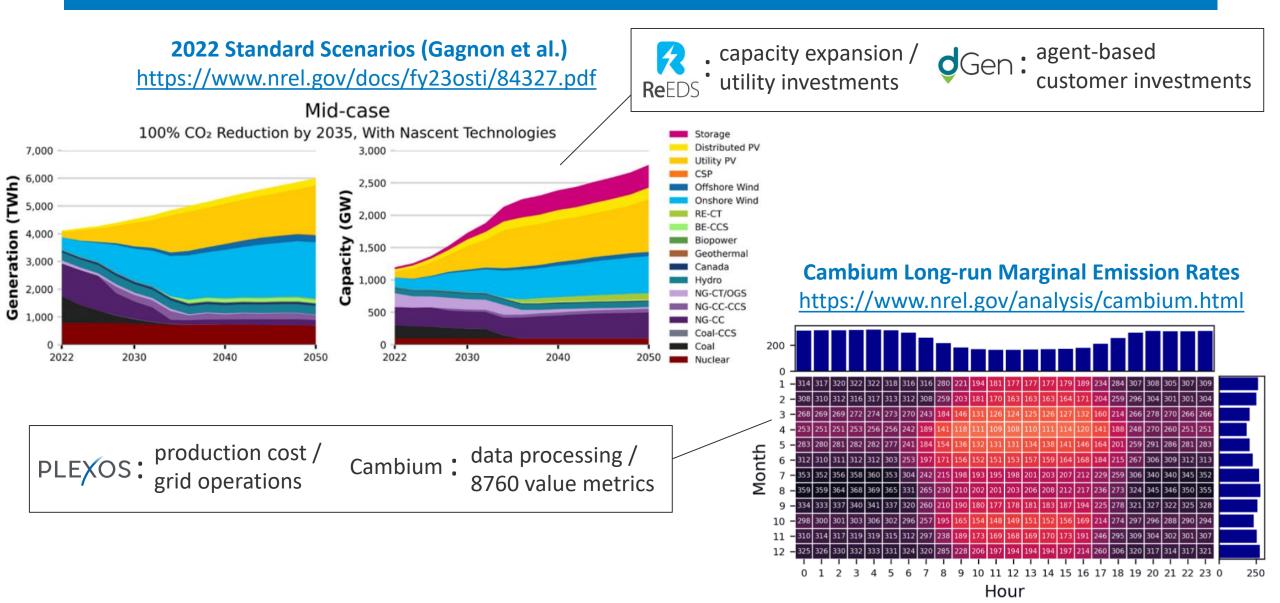
We analyze high-renewables systems and communicate the results to foster vision

2022 Standard Scenarios (Gagnon et al.)



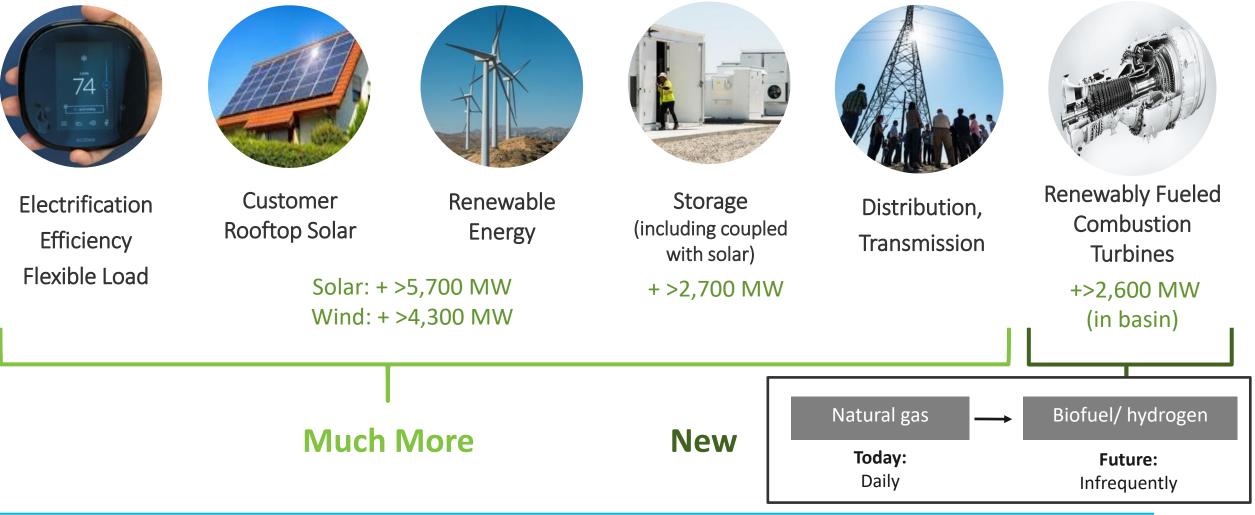
https://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy23osti/84327.pdf

Linking tools lets us answer multiple questions and cover multiple scopes

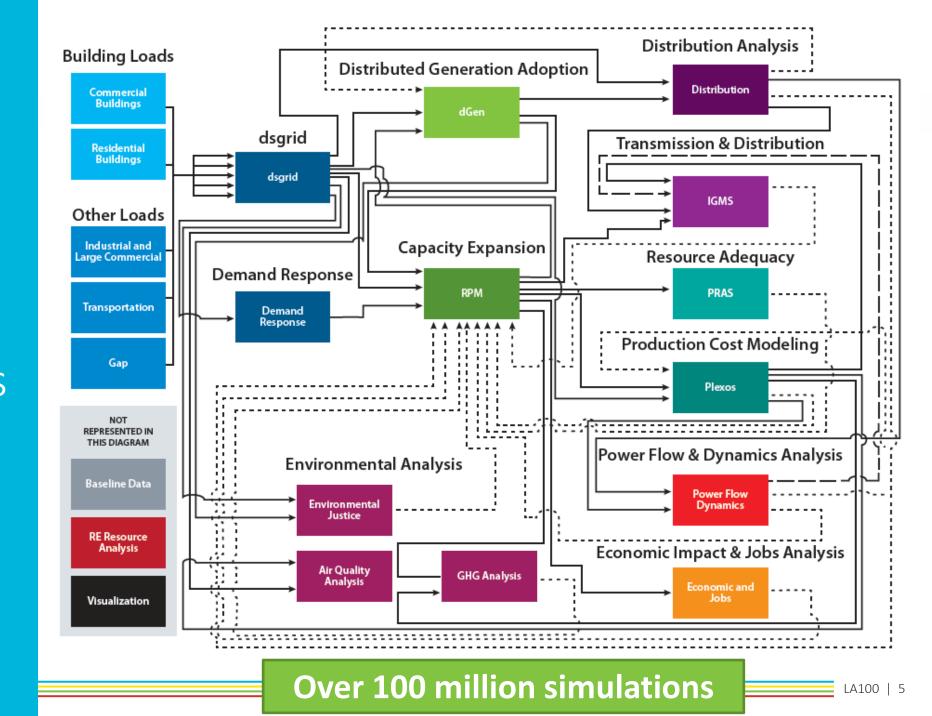


We analyze high-renewables systems and communicate the results to support planning and foster confidence

Across all Los Angeles 100% Renewable Energy Study (LA100) Scenarios



Establishing confidence at all levels of a power system is challenging



Today's Talk

Case Studies

- ReEDS 2 PLEXOS: The process that enables Cambium (and much more)
- LA100: The Los Angeles
 100% Renewable Energy
 Study

Questions Addressed

- What do model linkages look like under the hood?
- Why are model linkages hard to do well?
- How can we improve the model linkages we need to analyze more-connected energy systems?

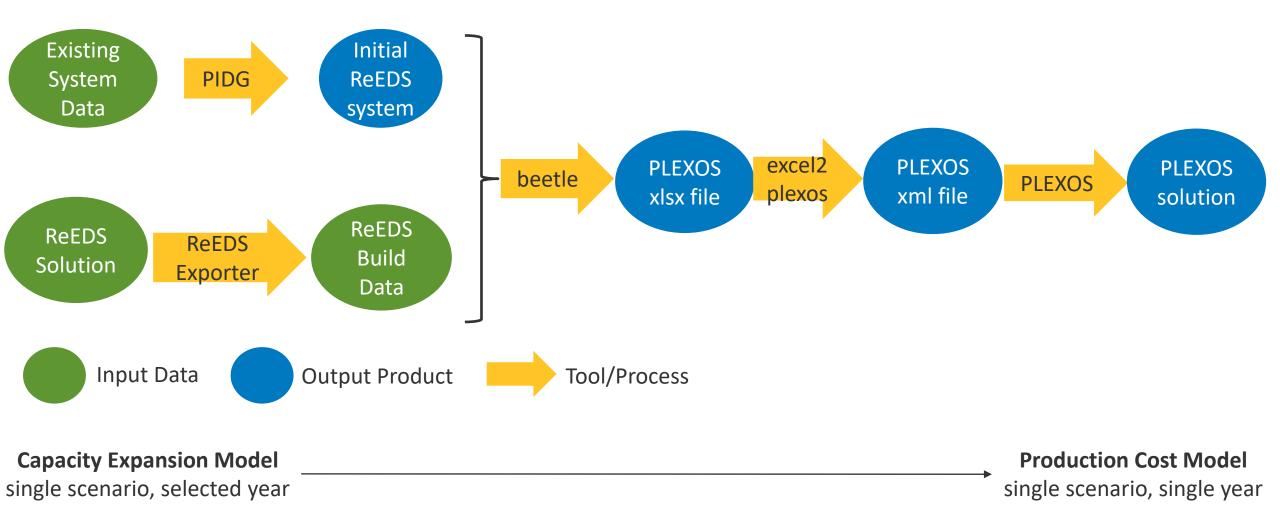
ReEDS to PLEXOS

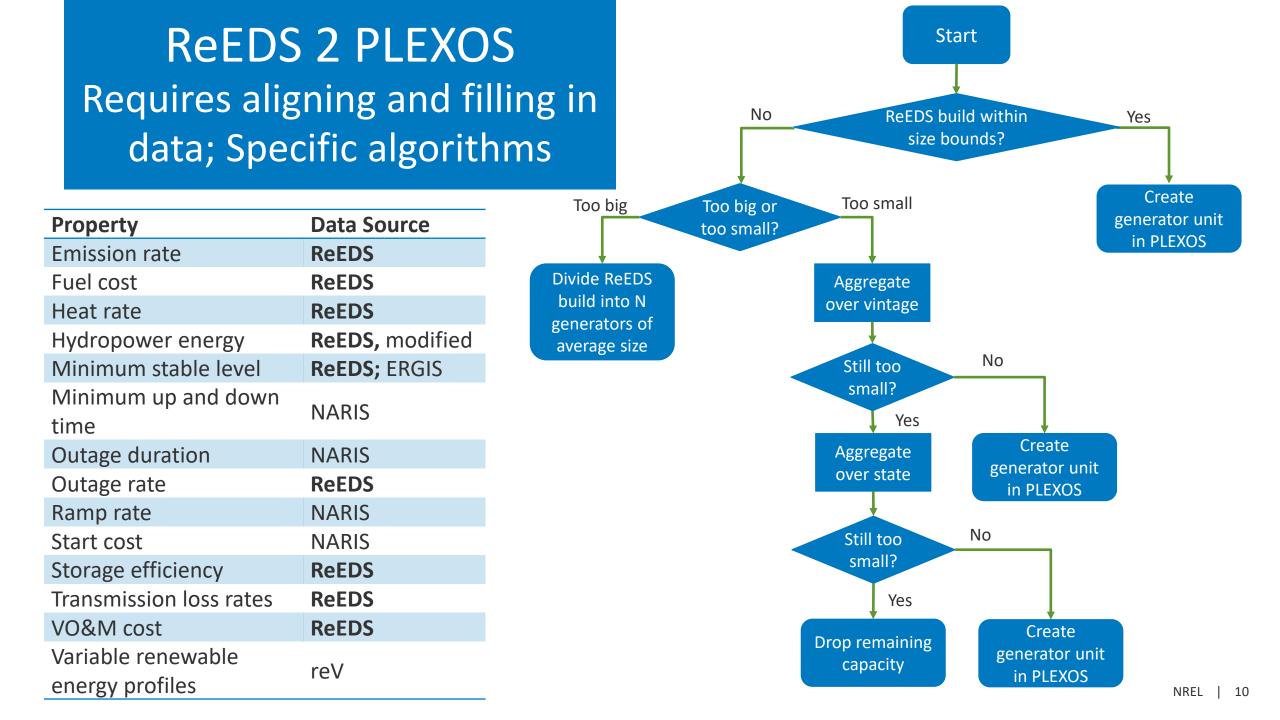
ReEDS 2 PLEXOS enables detailed descriptions of how realistic future power systems would operate

Example Studies

- <u>The Technical and Economic Potential of the H2@Scale Concept with the United</u> <u>States</u> – Economic potential of hydrogen across 9 applications and 3 production processes
- <u>The North American Renewable Integration Study (NARIS)</u> Detailed, continentwide analysis with planning scenarios of transmission, generation, and demand to reach continent-wide carbon reductions up to 80%
- <u>Standard Scenarios</u> Suite of forward-looking scenarios for the U.S. power sector that are updated annually and have included hourly (Cambium) results since 2021
- <u>Solar Futures Study</u> Detailed power-sector modeling to evaluate three scenarios: Reference, Decarbonization, and Decarbonization with Electrification

How ReEDS 2 PLEXOS works Four semi-automated processes, plus the models themselves





This critical capability has been hard to maintain. Why?

Data

Different types and resolutions of data; mapping between zonal and nodal data can be ad hoc per project

Interfaces

Linkages are easier to maintain if connection points like input data, output data, and software APIs are stable and versioned

Quality Control

Software and datasets, like papers, need review; Review culture and resources must be established

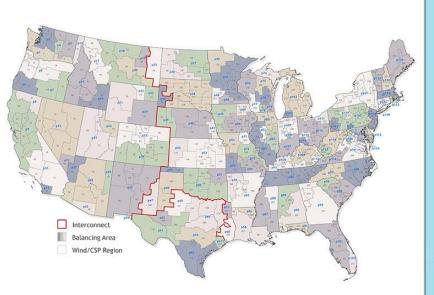
Project Planning

Model linkages might not be recognized as a distinct task; Developing robust, long-term links costs more up front

Punchlist identified to improve this capability in the near-term

- Unit testing and error handling
- Simplify workflow for users of ReEDS 2 PLEXOS
- Prepare for R2X (e.g., other production cost models like <u>SIIP</u>)
- Code optimization
- Robust compatibility tracker with ReEDS version tags
- Improve maintainability of the main repo and adjacent repositories
- Generalize process to other ReEDS adaptations (e.g., India)

Long-term, we would like to enable this capability across multiple scales



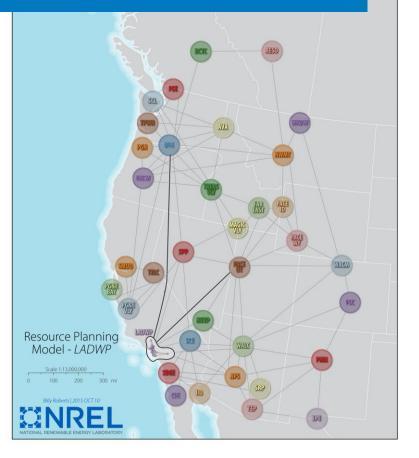
National-scale

- Balancing authorities
- Aggregated generators
- Pipe-flow transmission



Regional-scale

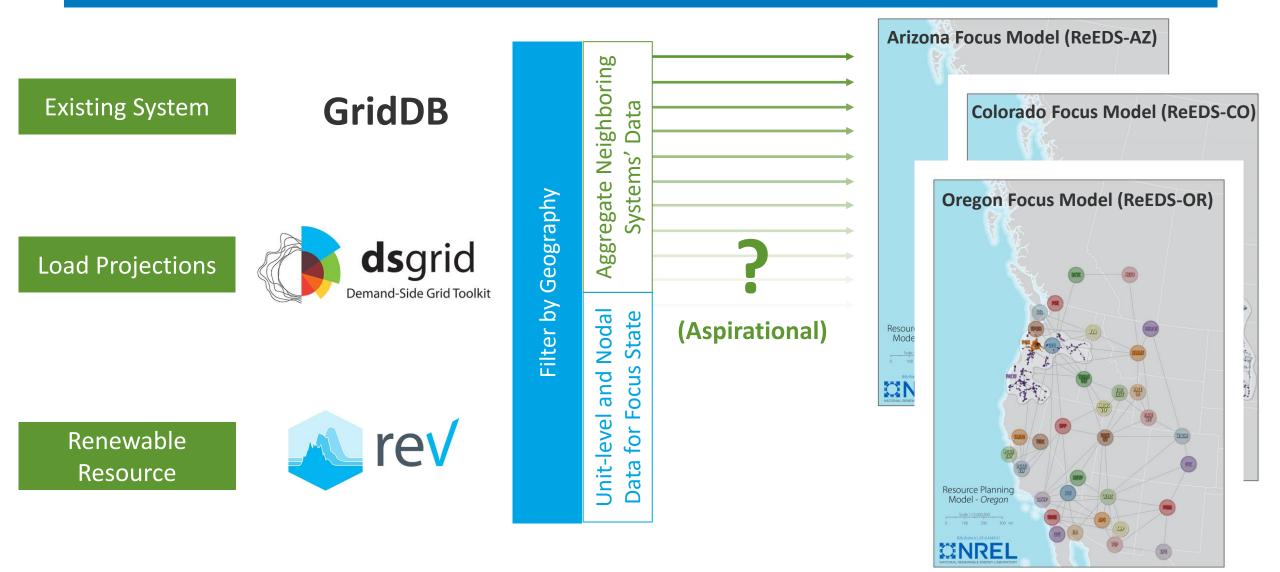
- Nodal-zonal structure
- Linear power flow within the focus region
- Limited validation



Community-scale

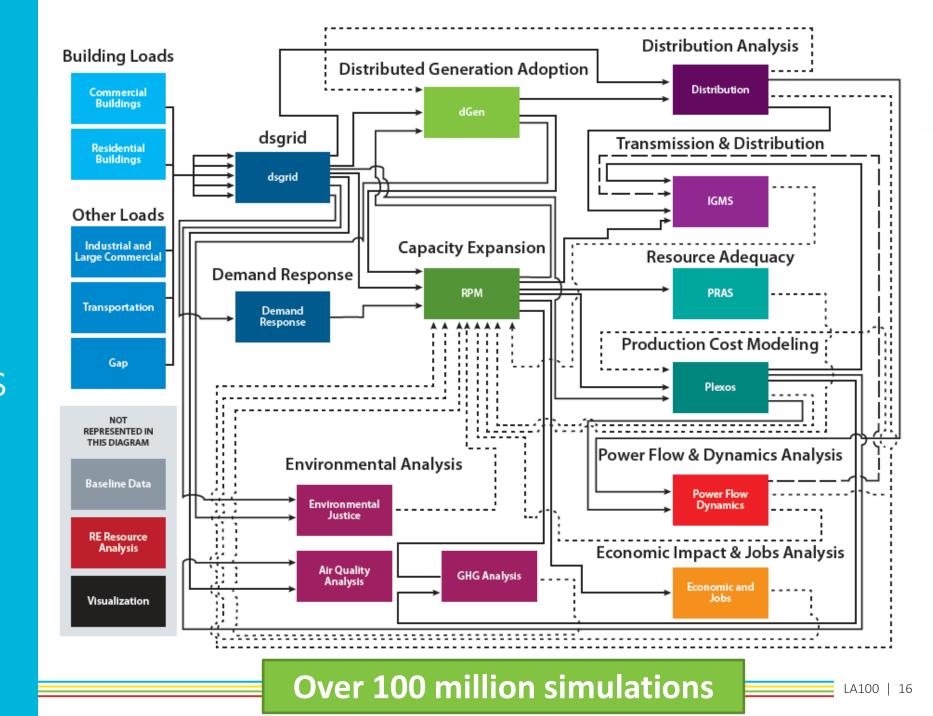
- Highly validated
- Additional reliability constraints (e.g., deliverability of reserves) NREL | 13

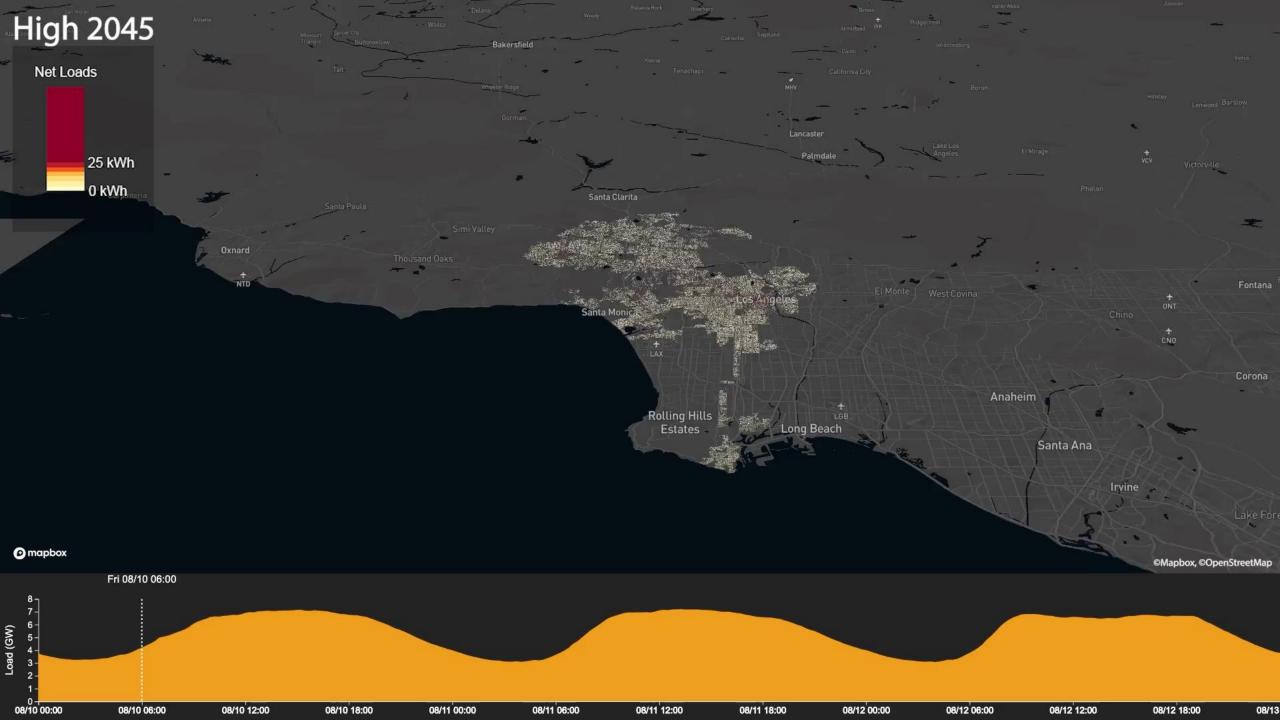
Selecting scope and linking models should be easier if multiple models get data from the same sources



LA100

Establishing confidence at all levels of a power system is challenging



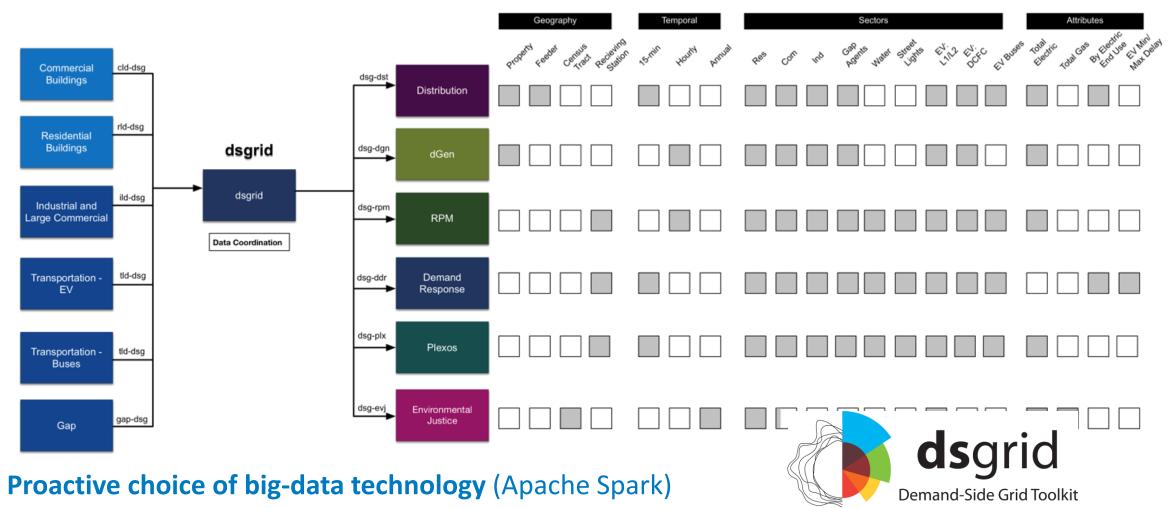


Unprecedented up-front effort on data coordination made LA100 possible

Data repository for internal data hand-offs **Timeseries data alignment** ESIF Research Data Data Repository Time Series 💄 ehale 👻 Hi LA100 Team: One major data-related issue we might run into on this project is having misaligned timeseries data across the modeling groups. This is a surprisingly LA100 - Handoffs 159 🖿 2581 🖿 common problem that has resulted in hundreds of thousands of dollars wasted on past projects. Because of the rigid timeline and multi-team/multimodel comple ed on 2/24/2022 2:26 pm by Meghan Mooney To account for this, we are enforcing a standard la100 project-wide To account fo 2020 timeseries format for all handoff datasets. Specifically, all handoffs handoffs MUS y for all model handoffs in the la100 project MUST be in a <u>PST, with an hour-beginning format (e.g. hourly</u> Note that PS light savings is la100-admin : Owner la100-nrel : Contributor Kelly Sanders : Contributor Dong Min Kim : Contributo timestamps of 1:00 refers to 1:00-1:59). Yun Li : Contributor David Rager : View/Download George Ban-weiss : View/Download Jiachen Zhang : View/Do Now, this doe you must (at the very least) set up your models with a converter that converts the PST, nour-beginning (attou format to your model's specific requirements, and upon exporting handoffs, that you make the conversions back to PST, hour-beginning. Basically, everything coming in and out of 🏦 Upload your models and being passed around between groups needs to be in this la100 standard format. In addition, because 2012 (our baseline resource/load year) is a leap year, all 8760 data must drop 12/31 from the end to fit the year into the 8760. The same logic should also be applied for any 8760 data transfers for any other leap year. 159 datasets Display 10 Last Activit Finally, the start of any 8760 (index 0) should be at 00:00 (12:00 AM) in PST. **Your Immediate Action Items**: I need every member of this team doing technical work (leads/analysts/coders) to reply to this email (or respond in a separate email) saying air-vis-2 19 that you: 1. You understand that we are using a la100 project-wide timeseries format for the LA100 project, file uploaded on 3/9/2021 10:31 am by Vikram Ravi and LA100 - Handoffs 2. You understand the requirements of the format which are that all model handoffs and data transfers be in PST, hourbeginning format, and if it is an 8760, that 12/31 be dropped for all leap years and the first index value (index 0) be set to 00:00 (12:00 AM) PST, and USC-handoffs(emission&model) 8 3. You promise to adhere to this LA100 project wide format for all handoffs and movement of timeseries data from one LA100-subteam file uploaded on 3/6/2021 10:21 pm by Yun Li to another. In addition, please include in your email response your answer to the following: "Do you think there might be DST shifts hiding in your data currently?". If yes, please say where they might be, If no, please explain how your timeseries data is handled for your current model. If you do not SharePoint site and tracking spreadsheets know, please respond saying what your uncertainties are/might be. We will document these so we can address these uncertainties. for utility data requests and hand-offs

New dsgrid software designed in response to LA100 challenges including data size and time representation

Accept datasets in native resolution and performs queries to return desired resolution

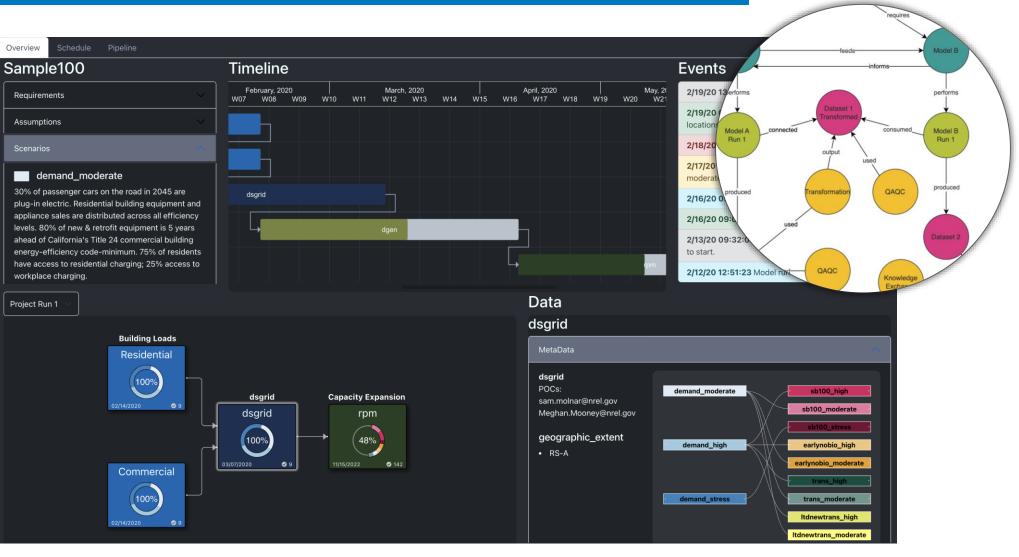


Formal declaration and automatic conversion of time formats

A centralized data repository was too rigid for fast iteration between modeling teams



- The Pipeline for Integrated Projects in Energy Systems (PIPES):
- project
 management
- data management
- workflow management
 thin layer on top of
 existing workflows to
 enable scalable
 integrated modeling



Backend: Graph Database (Amazon Neptune), Metadata Catalog (GDC), PIPES API Front End: GUI and CLI

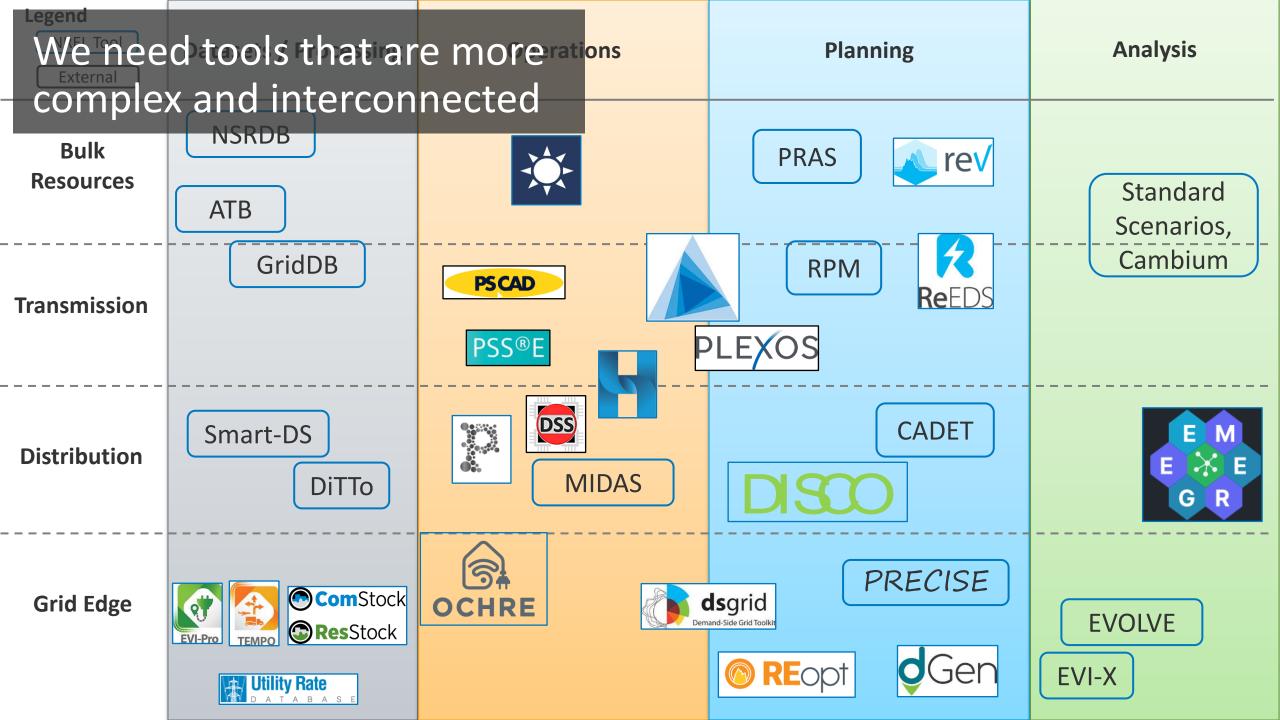
Conclusion

There are a lot of things we didn't talk about today

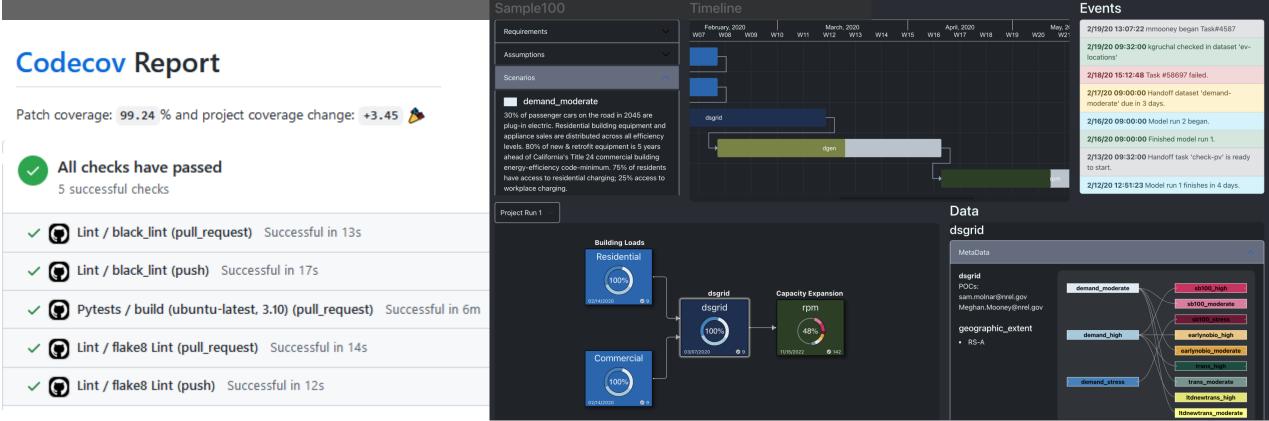
- Co-simulation
- Strategic behavior
- Agent-based modeling
- General equilibrium modeling
- Open-source tools
- Data standards
- Communication standards

- Resource adequacy
- Dynamic contingency analysis
- Distribution system modeling
- Other energy carriers
- Fuel markets
- Integrated assessment models
- Macro- and micro-economics

As we envision energy systems that are more complex and interconnected



And we need curated datasets, interfaces, testing, data management layers, and other processes to enable integrated analysis at scale



Analysis models are the hardware for envisioning, pre-testing, and communicating the clean energy future—like hardware, they require development, maintenance, and interconnection.