

# Distributed ReStart Restoration of the Future

 Watch video

**ESIG Presentation**  
Monday, 21 August 2023

**Distributed  
ReStart**



Energy restoration  
for tomorrow

In partnership with:

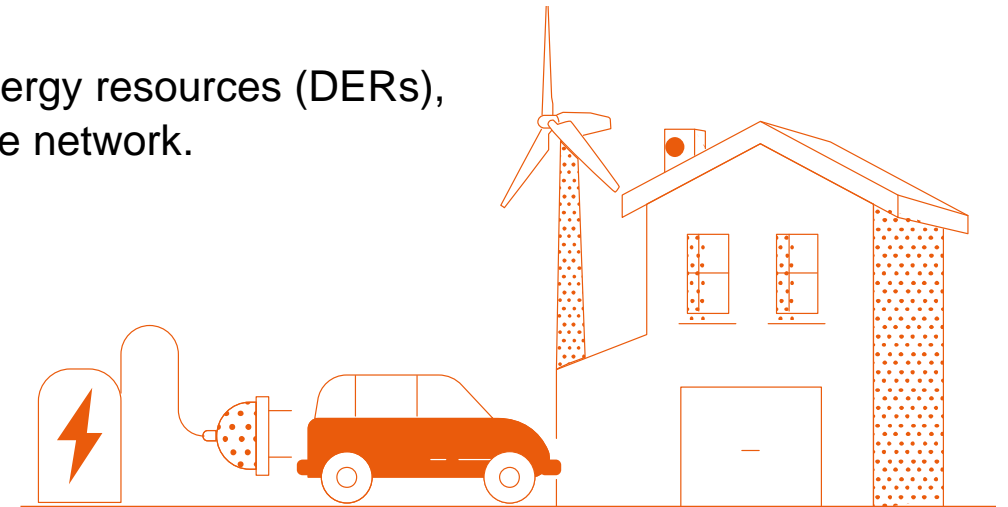


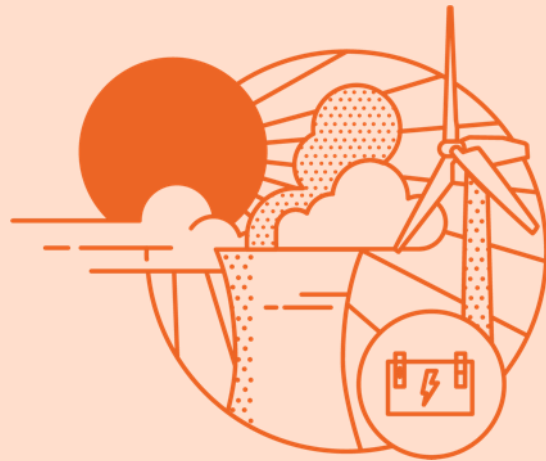
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# What is the Distributed ReStart project?



- ⚡ Launched in 2019, this innovation project is a partnership between National Grid Electricity System Operator (ESO), SP Energy Networks and TNEI (a specialist energy consultancy).
- ⚡ While a total shutdown of the electricity network is extremely unlikely, it's essential we have the capability for rapid restoration (AKA black start).
- ⚡ The conventional approach, both here and in many countries, uses large fossil fuel power stations for restoration.
- ⚡ Distributed ReStart has been exploring how we can use distributed energy resources (DERs), such as wind, solar, hydro, biomass and battery to restore power to the network.
- ⚡ Making renewables and other DER viable for electricity system restoration is essential for achieving net zero, improving the resilience of our network and reducing costs for consumers.





The Power Engineering & Trials workstream is responsible for technical specifications and conducting the live trials.



The Organisational, Systems & Telecoms workstream ran desktop exercises to inform designs for new ways of working.



The Procurement & Compliance workstream used mock tenders to tackle commercial and regulatory processes for the transition to BAU .

# Project review – overview of the project and its achievements



## Power Engineering & (live) Trials (PET):

- Demonstration of Black Start from DER using Renewable generation
- Defined the functional Specification for a DRZ Controller (GE prototype, designed, built & tested)
- Defined all required DER and DNO Network protection settings & equipment



## Organisation, Systems & Telecoms (OST):

- Demonstration of Black Start from DER via live Desk-Top Exercises – new 'bottom-up' restoration process validated by industry
- Defined the functional Specification for a resilient System & Comms infrastructure
- Defined all required DER, DNO, TO & ESO Network change impacts



## Procurement & Compliance (P&C):

- Demonstration of Black Start from DER procurement via the Mock Tender
- Defined the Grid Code changes & modifications required to support the ESRS & Distributed Restoration
- Defined & agreed with Ofgem, the new funding mechanisms to allow DERs and DNOs to tender for the new services (SE & Northern Tenders in progress towards BAU)



## Knowledge & Dissemination (K&D)

27 Reports & Briefs, 10 Engagements events, 4 DRZC Functional Design Specs, 6 live trials stage podcasts during Covid 19, 6 Stakeholder Advisory Panel quarterly sessions, start & end of project animation videos, and counting!



## Organisational Outputs:

- New strategic command and control model required with significantly enhanced role for DNOs and new capability for DER
- Full end to end process documentation including testing via desktop exercises and creation of an example distribution restoration zone plan
- Change assessment for all parties involved in the restoration process in final report

ESO continue to coordinate national restoration including instructing the start of plans whilst DNOs lead locally. The DNO makes use of a control system for management of real time frequency, voltage and generator dispatch



TO

- Transmission network switching actions
- Data provision to DNO
- Co-develop transmission level strategy
- Increased number of new DRZ



NGESO

- Declare Black Start
- National strategy
- Regional strategy
- Instruct DRZ start
- Instruct transmission restoration route
- Instruct power island growth outside of DRZ



DNO

- Declare and instruct restoration to service providers
- Develop local restoration strategy
- Distribution network switching actions
- Local voltage and frequency management



DER

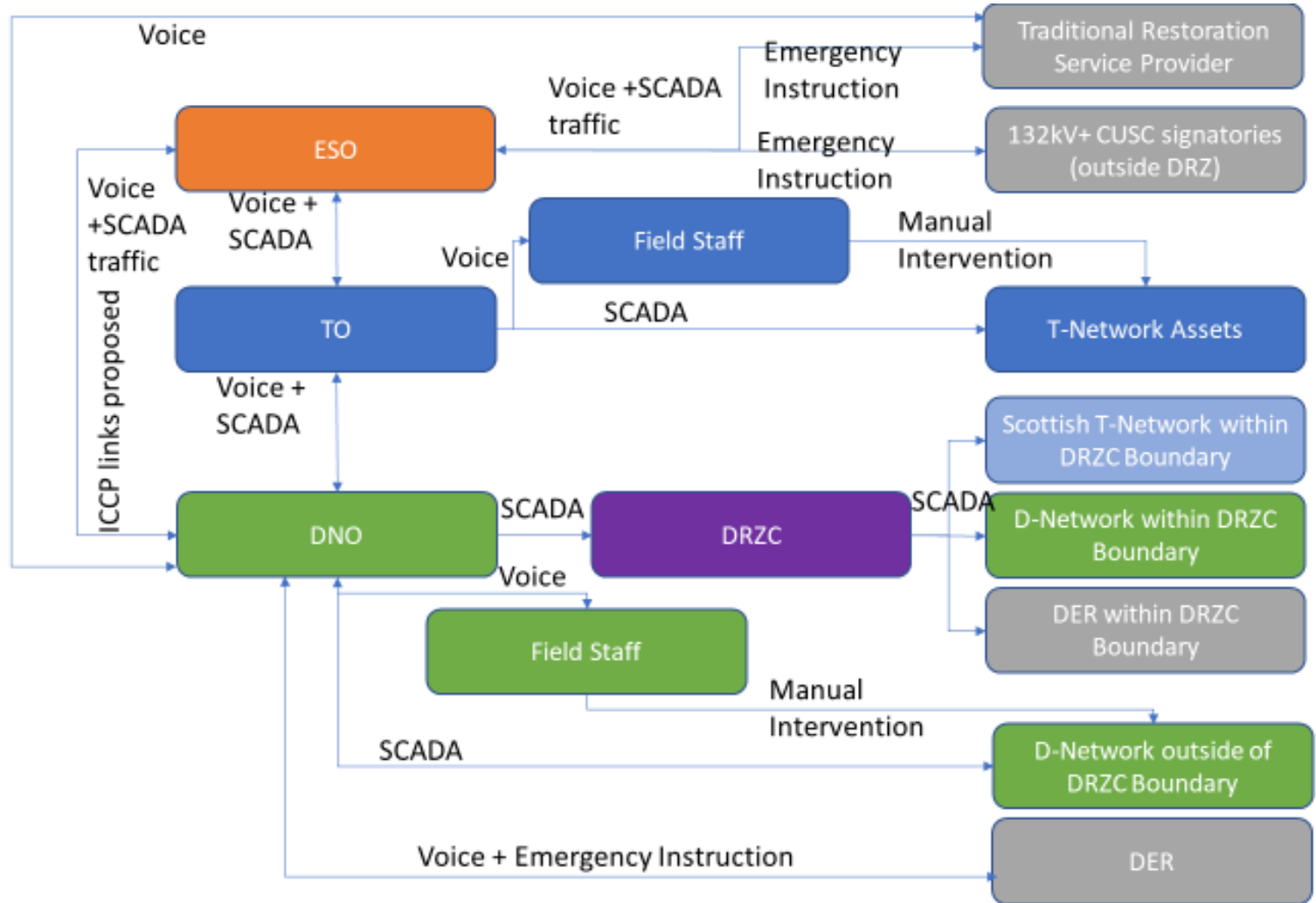
- Multiple individual providers deliver different services to the restoration zone
- Anchor DER provides the initial voltage and frequency source
- Top-up service providers support power island growth





## Systems & Telecommunications outputs:

- Full specification of the interfaces and communications methods between organisations
- Functional specification created detailing all technical and non-technical aspects for a power resilient communications network which is able to facilitate the control system requirements
- Detailed cyber security assessment of the control system and communications network including recommendations for roll-out GB wide
- Technology agnostic approach to enable lowest cost GB wide roll-out based upon existing infrastructure wherever possible

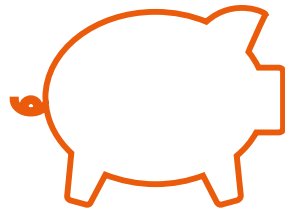


# Procurement & Compliance final recommendations following stakeholder and DNO engagements



### Procurement Lead

ESO to lead until an industry decision is made, then handover accordingly



### Settlement & Funding

ESO to pay DER contracted costs but DNO to recover their network upgrade costs through price control



### Contracting

Open and transparent Tripartite contract between ESO, DNO/DSO and DERs – both AG and TUS



### Codes

Recommendations will be reviewed as part of the GC0156 code modification process

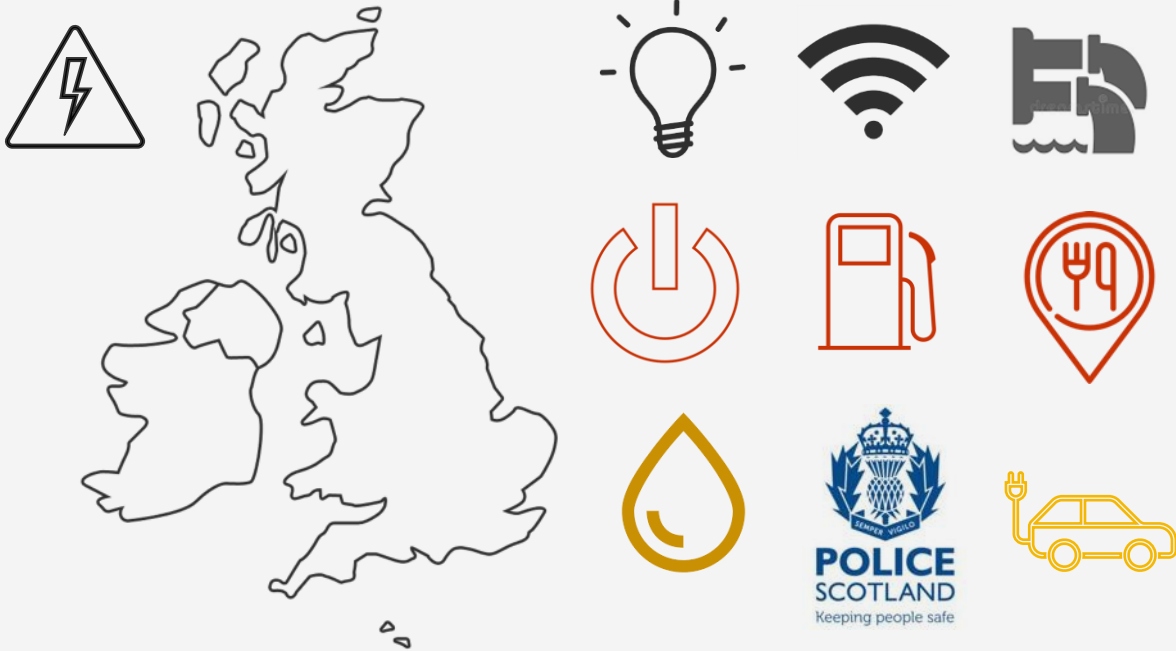
**The options, criteria, stakeholder engagement and decisions are elaborated in the P&C final report**

Section 3.3 in the P&C final report

Section 9 in the P&C final report

Section 10 in the P&C final report and Appendix 2

Section 12 in the P&C final report and Appendix 3

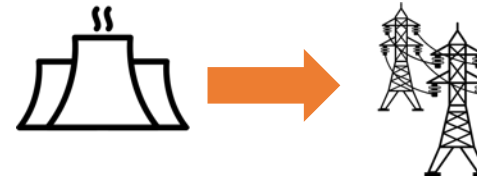


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**SP Energy Networks**

Today

5-7 days for restoration using traditional methods



Closing of coal/gas stations means a need to rely on renewables for restoration

Need to tap into distributed generator resource of which there are 1000s connected in the U.K

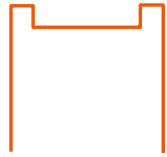
Reduce restoration timeframe and monetise availability

After D-Restart

<1-3 days for restoration using DRZs



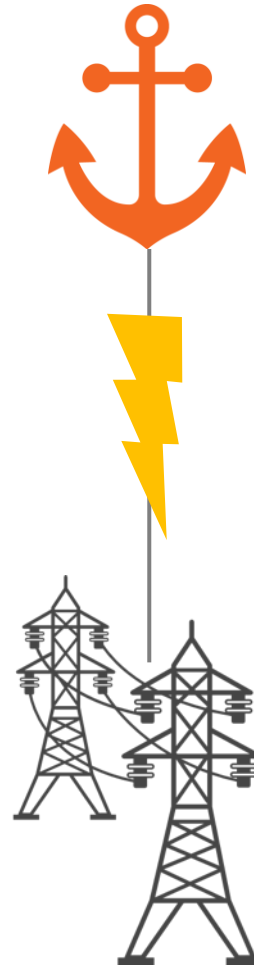
- 1) Demonstrate ability of DERs such as wind, hydro, biomass or batteries to start and maintain power islands
- 2) Increase number of revenue streams for generation owners via commercialisation of restoration availability
- 3) Reduce black start restoration timeframe from 5-7 days to potentially hours - 3 days subject to rollout
- 4) Set global benchmark/template for distributed restoration zones (DRZs) through world first testing
- 5) Further expand the portfolio of renewable generation benefits in pursuit of Net-Zero



## Kendoon Hydro April 22



Energised up to 275kV from 11kV 13MVA  
Generator & measure BLPU of Hydro



## Stevenscroft Biomass June 22



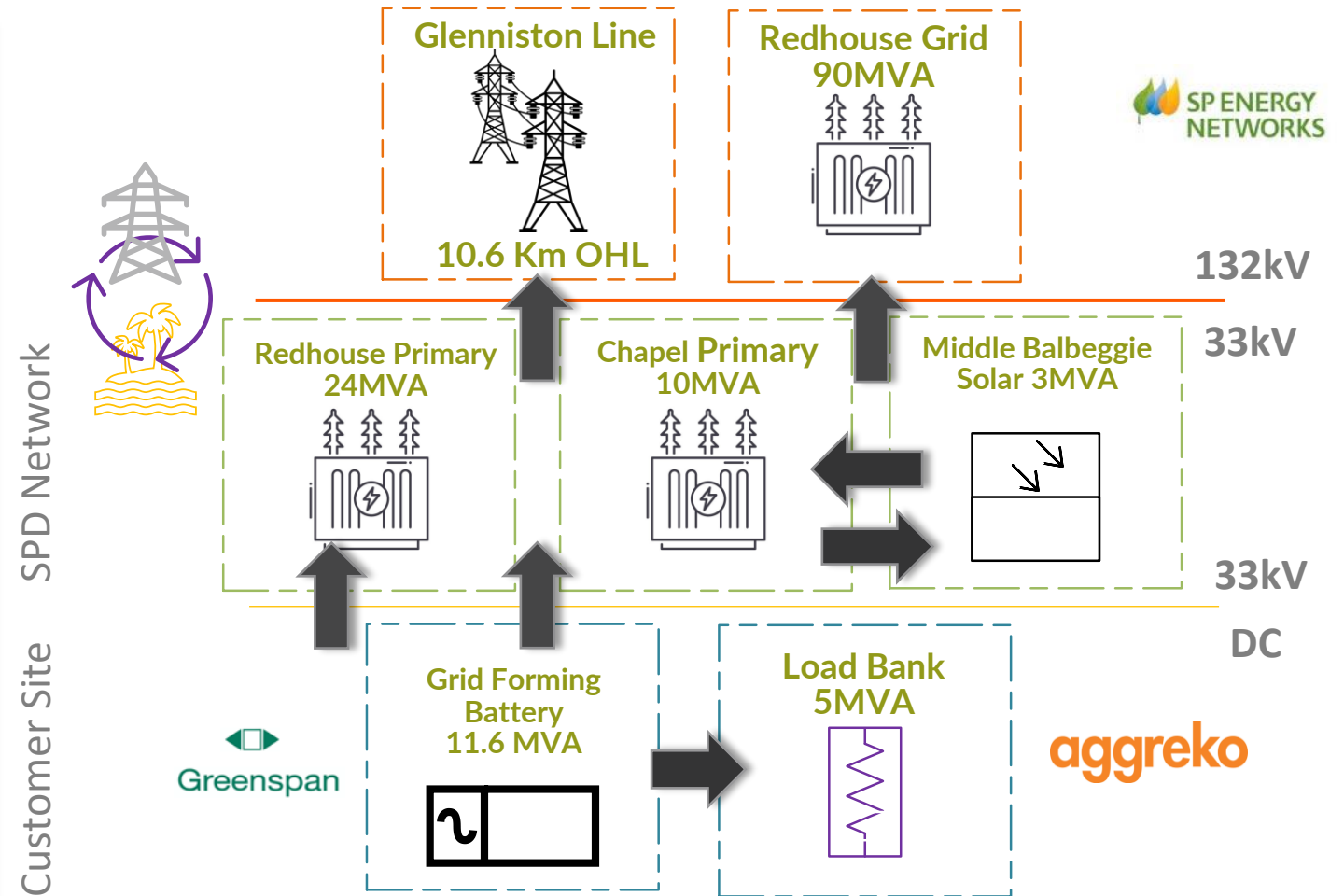
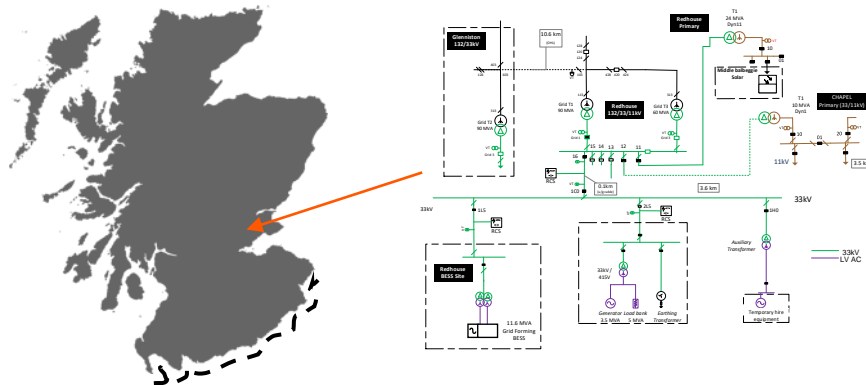
Energised up to 400kV from 33kV 53MVA  
Generator & measure BLPU of Biomass

# The goal and scope of the world-first Redhouse live trial



The project's two previous live trials had proven the concept of using **biomass** and **hydro** to start-up and control a power island or 'distribution restoration zone' (DRZ).

The goal of this trial was to use a **non-synchronous converter-connected battery energy storage system (BESS)** to restart the DRZ.



# Redhouse live trial proves battery restoration in practice



Battery Energy Storage Systems (BESS) can be utilised as anchor generators to start, maintain and control power islands very effectively, with the aid of diesel gensets or without



They can energise both **Distribution & Transmission transformers & lines** and are much more effective at doing so when **Point on Wave (POW)** switching is active



The **Block Load Pickup Capability of BESS** when compared to synchronous generators of the same capacity is **far superior** and, in our case, needs to be calculated as opposed to measure due to its ability to outperform the biggest load step we could implement (4MW)



The **DRZC can automate the start-up and operation** of the BESS system and can utilise its functionality to **resynch with the intact Grid**



The island assets can be used together as a **Dynamic Virtual Power Plant (DVPP)** and dispatch load or generation as needed when connected to the grid

Ultimately, these **world-first tests** set a precedent for the use of BESS assets to be used, not just in the UK but around the world, as **viable network restoration service providers**.

# Specific highlights from the Redhouse live trial



4MW Instantaneous load step  
(Approx. 2000-3000 homes)

8MW BESS Capacity

Operational limits observed with  
1% droop control

Far superior to synch machines of  
same capacity (500%+ better)



# Specific highlights from the Redhouse live trial



DRZC monitors both sides of the synch breaker (island and grid)

Drives island V,F and Phase angle to be inline with Grid

Arms CheckSynch for control engineer

Executes seamless closure to leave behind synched grid



# Specific highlights from the Redhouse live trial



'Hard' switching without POW were attempted

Switching with POW performance compared

Both switches successful

Far more repeatable and reliable when POW engaged



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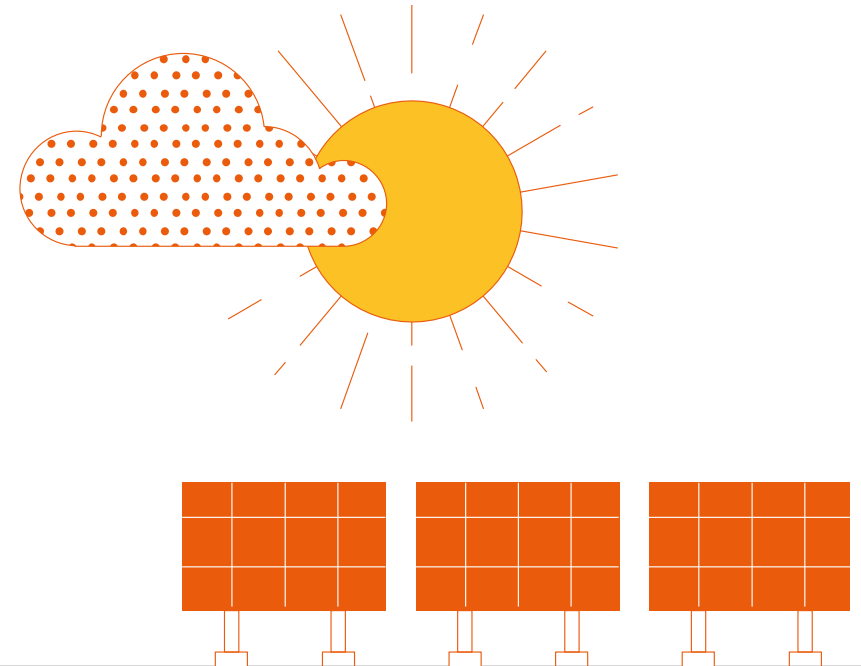
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# The project has now transitioned to BAU



- ⚡ With the project's transition to business as usual (BAU), the concept of providing restoration services from DERs is now becoming a reality based on the learnings from our live trials.
- ⚡ New tenders for the South East and Northern regions were launched in 2022 and interest from DERs was high.
- ⚡ Compared to previous restoration tenders, where around 2-3 technology types bid, there were expressions of interest from at least 7 different technology types including wind/batteries/solar/hydro.
- ⚡ By successfully transitioning to BAU, the project has created a 'blueprint' of recommendations for the industry to incorporate restoration from DERs.



# Thank you

For more details, please visit Distributed ReStart on the ESO website.

On our website you can:

- contact us on our email address [restart@nationalgrid.com](mailto:restart@nationalgrid.com)
- get regular updates by subscribing to our emails
- browse our documents library which contains all our reports and publications.

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